FIRST REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILLS NOS. 26, 11 & 31

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR KRAUS.

Offered March 6, 2013.

Senate Substitute No. 2 adopted, March 6, 2013.

Taken up for Perfection March 6, 2013. Bill declared Perfected and Ordered Printed, as amended.

TERRY L. SPI

0363S.07P

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.011, 143.021, 143.071, 143.151, 144.010, 144.014, 144.020, 144.021, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.070, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.210, 144.285, 144.440, 144.517, 144.526, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, 644.032, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eighty new sections relating to taxation, with penalty provisions and effective dates for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576,

- 2 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738,
- 3 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712,
- 4 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578,
- 5 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.011, 143.021, 143.071, 143.151, 144.010, 144.014,
- 6 144.020, 144.021, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.070,
- 7 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.210, 144.285, 144.440, 144.517, 144.526,
- 8 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012,
- 9 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, RSMo, are repealed and eighty

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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- 10 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.070, 32.086,
- 11 32.087, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583,
- 12 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997,
- 13 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000, 67.2030,
- 14 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 143.011, 143.021, 143.022,
- $15 \quad 143.071, \, 143.151, \, 144.010, \, 144.014, \, 144.020, \, 144.021, \, 144.022, \, 144.030, \, 144.032,$
- 16 144.040, 144.041, 144.042, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.070, 144.080, 144.082,
- 17 144.083, 144.084, 144.100, 144.105, 144.110, 144.123, 144.124, 144.125, 144.140,
- 18 144.210, 144.212, 144.285, 144.440, 144.522, 144.526, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710,
- 19 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, to read as follows:
- 32.070. 1. The director of the department of revenue shall enter into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement with one or more states to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration in order to substantially reduce the burden of tax compliance for all sellers and for all types of commerce. In furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, the director of the department of revenue may act jointly with other states that are members of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to establish standards for certification of a certified service provider and certified automated system and establish performance standards for multistate sellers.
 - 2. The director of the department of revenue may take other action reasonably required to implement the provisions set forth in the streamlined sales and use tax administration act, including, but not limited to, the promulgation of rules and the joint procurement, with other member states, of goods and services in furtherance of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 17 3. For the purposes of representing the state as a member of the agreement and, if necessary, amending the agreement, the state shall 18 19 be represented by three delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by the governor, one shall be a member of the general assembly appointed 21by mutual agreement of the president pro tem of the senate and the 22speaker of the house of representatives, with the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee as the third 2324delegate. The delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible 25for reviewing tax issues in the senate and the house of representatives 26each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates shall make a written

28 report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status 29 of the agreement.

30 4. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax 31 agreement. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in 32section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this 33 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 34all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 35 36 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 38 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 39 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2013, shall 40 be invalid and void. 41

32.086. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all local sales and use taxes collected by the department and remitted to a political jurisdiction or taxing district, the department shall remit one percent of the amount collected to the general revenue fund to offset the cost of collection, unless a greater amount is specified in the local sales and use tax law. The department shall not commingle the remaining amounts collected with general revenues and shall remit the remaining amounts collected to the political jurisdiction or taxing district less any credits for erroneous payments, overpayments, and dishonored checks.

32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.

- 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection [18] 17 of this section.
- 3. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of

the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale.

- 4. [The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 5.] The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- [6.] 5. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- [7.] 6. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.
- [8.] 7. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from

the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law.

- [9.] 8. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.
- [10.] 9. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- [11.] 10. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- [12. (1)] 11. For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.
 - (2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the residence of the purchaser and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.
 - (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes

of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as amended shall be sourced as provided by sections 144.040 to 144.043.

- [13.] 12. Local sales taxes imposed pursuant to the local sales tax law on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.
- [14.] 13. The director of revenue and any of [his] the director's deputies, assistants and employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering [himself] the director and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.
 - [15.] 14. The director of revenue shall annually report on [his] the director's management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. [He] The director shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds received by [him] the director for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes.
- [16.] 15. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by [him] such person under the local sales tax law or in the event a determination has been made against [him] such person for taxes and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation for

bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

[17.] 16. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

[18.] 17. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax.

18. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax or use tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the ordinance and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly

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showing the territory added or detached from the city boundaries. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed under the local sales tax law or local use tax law shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the first day of a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

19. Any change to any local sales tax or local use tax boundary or rate shall be effective on the first day of a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

66.620. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 11 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 1213 preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of the county and all expenditures of funds arising from 14 15 the county sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the legislative council of the county, and to the cities, towns and villages located 16 17 wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax in the manner as set forth 18 in sections 66.600 to 66.630.

19 2. In any county not adopting an additional sales tax and alternate 20 distribution system as provided in section 67.581, for the purposes of distributing the county sales tax, the county shall be divided into two groups, "Group A" and 21"Group B". Group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 22located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a 23city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the 2425day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, except that beginning January 1, 1980, group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 26 located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a

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28 city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 29 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the county sales tax. For the purposes of determining the location of consummation of sales for distribution 30 of funds to cities, towns and villages in group A, the boundaries of any such city, 31 32 town or village shall be the boundary of that city, town or village as it existed on March 19, 1984. Group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 33 located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which did not 34 have a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on 35 the day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, and shall also 36 include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax; except that, 37 38 beginning January 1, 1980, group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages 39 which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and 40 which did not have a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the 41 42 county sales tax and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county 43 which levied the tax.

44 3. Until January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A the taxes based on the location in which the 45 46 sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Except for distribution governed by section 66.630, after 47 48 deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall distribute the remaining funds in the county sales tax 49 50 trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: 51 To the county which levied the tax, a percentage of the distributable revenue 52 equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or 53 village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the 54 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such 55 city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, 56 town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the 57 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that 58 part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total 59 60 population of group B.

4. From and after January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and

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64 subsection 12 of section 32.087 in accordance with the formula described in this subsection. After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in 65 group A, the director of revenue shall distribute funds in the county sales tax 66 trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: 67 To the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the percentage of 68 the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated 69 since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, 70 71and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage 72 ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village in group B located wholly 73 74within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue 75equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or village 76 bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable 77 78 revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total population of 79 80 group B.

- 5. (1) For purposes of administering the distribution formula of subsection 4 of this section, the revenues arising each year from sales occurring within each group A city, town or village shall be distributed as follows: Until such revenues reach the adjusted county average, as hereinafter defined, there shall be distributed to the city, town or village all of such revenues reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; and once revenues exceed the adjusted county average, total revenues shall be shared in accordance with the redistribution formula as defined in this subsection.
- 91 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the "adjusted county average" is the 92 per capita countywide average of all sales tax distributions during the prior 93 calendar year reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been 94 annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; the "redistribution formula" is as 95 96 follows: During 1994, each group A city, town and village shall receive that 97 portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that 98 remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage

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100 which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 101 unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of 8.5 102 103 multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the 104 total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the 105 municipality less the adjusted county average. During 1995, each group A city, 106 town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales 107 occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an 108 amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 109 municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 110 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which 111 has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if 112 greater than zero, equal to the product of seventeen multiplied by the logarithm 113 (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per 114 capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county average. From January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, each group A city, 115 116 town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales 117 occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an 118 amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 119 municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 120 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if 121 122 greater than zero, equal to the product of 25.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to 123 base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita 124 sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county average. From and after January 1, 2000, the distribution formula covering the 125 period from January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, shall continue to apply, 126 127 except that the percentage computed for sales arising within the municipalities shall be not less than 7.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax 128 129 revenues exceed the adjusted county average, nor less than 12.5 percent for 130 municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county 131 average by at least twenty-five percent. 132

(3) For purposes of applying the redistribution formula to a municipality which is partly within the county levying the tax, the distribution shall be calculated alternately for the municipality as a whole, except that the factor for annexed portion of the county shall not be applied to the portion of the

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136 municipality which is not within the county levying the tax, and for the portion of the municipality within the county levying the tax. Whichever calculation 137 results in the larger distribution to the municipality shall be used. 138

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fifty percent of additional sales taxes as described in section 99.845 arising from economic activities within the area of a redevelopment project established after July 12, 1990, pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, while tax increment financing remains in effect shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. Further, any agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which provides for an appropriation of incremental sales tax revenues to the special allocation fund of a tax increment financing project while tax increment financing remains in effect shall continue to be in full force and effect and the sales taxes so appropriated shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. In addition, and notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, economic development funds shall be distributed in full to the municipality in which the sales producing them were deemed consummated. Additionally, economic development funds shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. As used in this subdivision, the term "economic development funds" means the amount of sales tax revenue generated in any fiscal year by projects authorized pursuant to chapter 99 or chapter 100 in connection with which such sales tax revenue was pledged as security for, or was guaranteed by a developer to be sufficient to pay, outstanding obligations under any agreement authorized by chapter 100, entered into or adopted prior to September 1, 1993, between a municipality and another public body. The cumulative amount of economic development funds allowed under this provision shall not exceed the total amount necessary to amortize the obligations involved.

6. If the qualified voters of any city, town or village vote to change or alter 170 its boundaries by annexing any unincorporated territory included in group B or if the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group A and the

172 qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group B vote to consolidate, 173 the area annexed or the area consolidated which had been a part of group B shall remain a part of group B after annexation or consolidation. After the effective 174 175 date of the annexation or consolidation, the annexing or consolidated city, town 176 or village shall receive a percentage of the group B distributable revenue equal 177 to the percentage ratio that the population of the annexed or consolidated area 178 bears to the total population of group B and such annexed area shall not be 179 classified as unincorporated area for determination of the percentage allocable to 180 the county. If the qualified voters of any two or more cities, towns or villages in group A each vote to consolidate such cities, towns or villages, then such 181 182 consolidated cities, towns or villages shall remain a part of group A. For the 183 purpose of sections 66.600 to 66.630, population shall be as determined by the 184 last federal decennial census or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purpose 185 186 of calculating the adjustment based on the percentage of unincorporated county 187 population which is annexed after April 1, 1993, the accumulated percentage 188 immediately before each census shall be used as the new percentage base after 189 such census. After any annexation, incorporation or other municipal boundary 190 change affecting the unincorporated area of the county, the chief elected official 191 of the county shall certify the new population of the unincorporated area of the 192 county and the percentage of the population which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, to the director of revenue. After the adoption 193 194 of the county sales tax ordinance, any city, town or village in group A may by 195 adoption of an ordinance by its governing body cease to be a part of group A and 196 become a part of group B. Within ten days after the adoption of the ordinance 197 transferring the city, town or village from one group to the other, the clerk of the transferring city, town or village shall forward to the director of revenue, by 198 registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance. Distribution to such city as a 199 200 part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin on 201 the first day of January of the year following notification to the director of revenue, provided such notification is received by the director of revenue on or 202 203 before the first day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is 204 adopted. If such notification is received by the director of revenue after the first 205 day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted, then 206 distribution to such city as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of 207 its new group shall begin the first day of July of the year following such

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208 notification to the director of revenue. Once a group A city, town or village 209 becomes a part of group B, such city may not transfer back to group A.

7. If any city, town or village shall hereafter change or alter its boundaries, the city clerk of the municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the municipality. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the municipality clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be redistributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the change of the municipal boundary so that the proper percentage of group B distributable revenue is allocated to the municipality in proportion to any annexed territory. If any area of the unincorporated county elects to incorporate subsequent to the effective date of the county sales tax as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630, the newly incorporated municipality shall remain a part of group B. The city clerk of such newly incorporated municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the incorporation election returns and a map of the municipality clearly showing the boundaries thereof. The certified copy of the incorporation election returns shall reflect the effective date of the incorporation. Upon receipt of the incorporation election returns and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of the incorporation.

8. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or

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244 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

9. Except as modified in sections 66.600 to 66.630, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 66.600 to 66.630.

67.395. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.391 to 67.395 on behalf of any county, [less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087 shall be 5 deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Anti-Drug Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The 6 moneys in the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 10 11 67.391 to 67.395, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director 12 13 of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be 14 15 deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall be by an 16 17 appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county.

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

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3. Except as modified in sections 67.391 to 67.395, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.391 to 67.395.

67.525. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.500 to 67.545 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost 2 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a county sales tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the county sales tax trust fund established by 6 section 66.620. [The moneys in such county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of 10 money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 11 12 and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 13 14 preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the 15 16 tax authorized by sections 67.500 to 67.545, the sum due the county as certified 17by the director of revenue.

- 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
 - 3. Except as modified in sections 67.500 to 67.545, all provisions of

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34 sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 35 67.500 to 67.545.

67.571. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with a population of more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and less than ninety thousand inhabitants may, in addition to any tourism sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 67.671 to 67.685, by a majority vote, impose a sales tax for the funding of museums and festivals. For purposes of this section, the term "funding of museums and festivals" shall mean:

- 7 (1) Funding of museums operating in the county, which are registered 8 with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) corporation and 9 which are considered by the board to be tourism attractions; and
 - (2) Funding of organizations that are registered as 501(C)(3) corporations which promote cultural heritage tourism including festivals and the arts.
- 12 2. Any question submitted to the voters of such county to establish a sales 13 tax pursuant to this section shall be submitted in substantially the following 14 form:
- Shall the county of (insert the name of the county) impose a 16 sales tax of (insert rate of percent) percent to be used to fund 17 (museums, cultural heritage, festivals) in certain areas of the county?

18 \square YES \square NO

- 3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters 19 20 voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, and the tax takes effect pursuant to 21 this section, the museums and festivals board appointed pursuant to subsection 22 5 of this section shall determine in what manner the tax revenue moneys will be 23 expended, and disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in 24accordance with directions of the board which are consistent with the provisions 25 of sections 67.571 to 67.577. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made for the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the 26 27 duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made directly to 28corporations pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. No such tax revenue 29 30 moneys shall be disbursed to or on behalf of any corporation, organization or 31 entity that is not duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) 32 organization.
- 4. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate not to exceed two-tenths of one percent on receipts from the sale of certain

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tangible personal property or taxable services within the county pursuant to 35 36 sections 67.571 to 67.577.

- 5. The governing body of any county which imposes a sales tax pursuant to this section may establish a museums and festivals board for the purpose of 38 expending funds collected from any sales tax submitted and approved by the 39 county's voters pursuant to this section. The board shall be comprised of six 40 members who are appointed by the governing body of the county from a list of 42 candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the 43 county. The board shall be comprised of three members from each of the two political parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be 46 appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three 47 years. Each member shall be a resident of the county from which he or she is 48 appointed. The members of the board shall not receive compensation for service on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the tax revenue money for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board.
 - 6. In the area of each county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 67.571 to 67.577, every retailer within such area shall add the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577 to his sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
 - 7. In counties imposing a tax under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577, in order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized by the provisions of section 144.285, and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions.
 - 8. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
 - 67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577:
 - 3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality

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- provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of 6 sections 67.571 to 67.577;
- (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510 are hereby made 8 applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577. 10
- 2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate 11 required by sections 144.010 to 144.510 for the administration and collection of 12 the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and 13 14 no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be 15 required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption 16 certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 3. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 17 state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to that 18 19 act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577. 20
- 21 4. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 22 144.510 for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of 23 the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer Except as provided in sections 67.571 26 27 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the 28 tax imposed under sections 67.571 to 67.577.
- 67.578. 1. The governing authority of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen 2thousand four hundred but less than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants may impose a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-fifth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, to be used solely for the funding of museums. For purposes of this section, the term "museums" means museums operating in the county, 7 which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the board to be a tourism attraction. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 11 other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section unless the governing authority submits to the voters of 12

the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposalto authorize the governing authority to impose the tax.

15 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 16 following language:

Shall the county of (insert the name of the county) impose a sales tax of (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums? "Museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the museum board to be a tourism attraction.

 \square YES \square NO

23 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 2526 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 27 notice of the adoption of the tax. If the proposal receives less than the required 28 29 majority of votes, then the governing authority shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the governing authority has again submitted another 30 proposal to authorize the governing authority to impose the sales tax authorized 31 32 by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the 33 qualified voters voting thereon.

34 3. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of 35 the tax, and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. The director may retain 36 37 an amount not to exceed one percent for deposit in the general revenue fund to offset the costs of collection. In order to permit sellers required to collect and 38 39 report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve 40 as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing 41 authority may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized 42in section 144.285, and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new 43 44 bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions. Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer 45in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt 46 of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the 47 same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales 48

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49 shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.

- 4. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid pursuant to this section, or in the event a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty pursuant to this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 69 5. The governing authority may authorize any museum board already 70 existing in the county, or may establish a museum board, to expend revenue collected pursuant to this section. In the event that no museum board already 7172exists, the board established pursuant to this section shall consist of six members 73 who are appointed by the governing authority from a list of candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county, with three 74members from each of the two parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, 75 but of the members first appointed, [one] two shall be appointed for a term of 76 one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be 77 appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the 78 county. The members shall not receive compensation for service on the board, but 79 shall be reimbursed from the revenues collected pursuant to this section for any 80 reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board. The board 82 shall determine in what manner the revenues will be expended, and 83 disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with this 84 section. Expenditures may be made for the employment of personnel selected by

- the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel.
- 6. The governing authority may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters at any county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:
- 91 Shall the county of (insert name of county) repeal the sales 92 tax of (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums?
- 93 \square YES \square NO
- 94 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you
- 95 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 96 [If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal
- 97 shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the
- 98 repeal was approved.]
- 67.581. 1. In addition to the sales tax permitted by sections 66.600 to 66.630, any county of the first class having a charter form of government and 2 having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may impose an additional countywide sales tax upon approval by a vote of the qualified voters of the county. The proposal may be submitted to the voters by the governing body of the county and shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election upon petitions signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county in the next preceding 9 gubernatorial election filed with the governing body of the county. The 10 submission shall include the levying of a sales tax at a rate of not to exceed two hundred seventy-five one-thousandths of one percent on the receipts from the sale 11 at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the county 13 which are also taxable under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630, and shall provide for the distribution of the proceeds in the manner provided in either 14 subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If either of the alternative 15distribution systems as provided in subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section is 16 approved by the voters, then the alternative system of distribution may not be 17 18 submitted to the voters for at least three years from the date of such voter 19 approval.
- 20 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the 21 following language:
- 22 Shall the County of levy an additional sales tax at the rate of

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23 (insert rate) and distribute the proceeds in the manner provided in 24 (insert proper reference) (subsection 4)(subsection 5) of section 25 67.581, RSMo?

 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the additional sales tax shall be levied and collected and the proceeds from the additional tax shall be distributed as provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section.

- If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the additional sales tax authorized by this section unless and until a proposal for the levy of such tax is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county.
 - 3. The provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087, except to the extent otherwise provided in this section, shall govern the levy, collection, distribution and other procedures related to an additional sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 4. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the 40 provisions of this section, and selecting the method of distribution provided in 41 42 this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, 43 less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed first to those municipalities 44 that did not receive during the preceding calendar year ninety-five percent of the amount the municipality would have received by multiplying the population of the 45 municipality by the average per capita sales tax receipt for such county in an 46 amount which will bring each municipality receipt of sales tax moneys up to 47 48 ninety-five percent of the average per capita receipts from the proceeds of the 49 sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630. Any remainder of the money received from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be 50 distributed to all municipalities on the ratio that the population of each 51 municipality bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita 52sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the total sales tax 53 54 revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630 by 55 the total population of the county. Population of each municipality, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be 56 determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census. For the 57 purposes of this subsection, any city, town, village or the unincorporated area of 58

59 the county shall be considered a municipality.

- 5. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages, and the unincorporated areas of the county in group B and to such cities, towns and villages in group A as necessary so that no city, town, or village in group A receives from the combined proceeds of both the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section and the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630, less than the per capita amount received by the cities, towns and villages and the unincorporated area of the county in group B receives from the total proceeds from both sales taxes.
- 6. The governing body of any county which is imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 may on its own motion and shall, upon petitions filed with the governing body of the county signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county at the next preceding gubernatorial election, submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to change the method of distribution of sales tax proceeds from the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620 to the method provided in this subsection. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the sales tax imposed by the county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed in the manner provided in this subsection and not in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to order the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the method provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, unless and until a proposal authorizing such method of distribution is submitted

to and approved by the voters of the county. If the voters approve the change in the method of distribution of the sales tax proceeds in the manner provided in this subsection, the county clerk of the county shall notify the director of revenue of the change in the method of distribution within ten days after adoption of the proposal and shall inform the director of the effective date of the change in the method of distribution, which shall be on the first day of the third calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice. After the effective date of the change in the manner of distribution, the director of revenue shall distribute the proceeds of the sales tax imposed by such county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the manner of distribution provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. The proceeds of the sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in any county which elects to have the proceeds distributed in the manner provided in this subsection shall be distributed in the following manner:

- (1) The proceeds from the sales taxes shall be distributed to the cities, towns and villages in group A and to the cities, towns and villages, and the county in group B as defined in section 66.620 in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, until an amount equal to the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section has been distributed;
- (2) All moneys received in excess of the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages and to the county on the basis that the population of each city, town or village, and in the case of the county the basis that the population of the unincorporated area of the county, bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the remaining amount of the total sales tax revenues by the total population of the county. Population of each city, town or village, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census.
- 7. No municipality incorporated after the adoption of the tax authorized by this section shall be included as other than part of the unincorporated area of the county nor receive any share of either the proceeds from the tax levied

pursuant to the provisions of this section or the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 unless, at the time of incorporation, such municipality had a population of ten thousand or more.

- 8. The county sales tax imposed pursuant to this section on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within the county imposing the additional sales tax. [The amounts so collected, less one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county sales tax trust fund to be distributed in accordance with section 66.620. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant for a certificate of title.]
- 9. No tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of funding in whole or in part the construction, operation or maintenance of a sports stadium, field house, indoor or outdoor recreational facility, center, playing field, parking facility or anything incidental or necessary to a complex suitable for any type of professional sport, either upon, above or below the ground.
- 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first class with a charter form of government with a population of greater than four hundred thousand inhabitants, is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of

sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county 10 or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 11 body of the county to impose a tax. 1213 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language: 14 15 (1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax 16 authorized by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following: 17 Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax 18 of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for the county? 19 20 \square YES \square NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 21are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; or 22 (2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into 23 agreements to form a regional jail district and obligates the county to make 24 payments from the tax authorized by this section the ballot shall contain 2526 substantially the following: 27 Shall the county of (county's name) be authorized to enter into agreements for the purpose of forming a regional jail district and obligating the 28 29 county to impose a countywide sales tax of (insert amount) to fund dollars of the costs to construct a regional jail and to fund the costs to 30 31 operate a regional jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to construct 32 and operate such jail to be used for law enforcement purposes? 33 \square YES \square NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 34 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". 35 36 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 37 thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in 38 effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election 39 40 approving the proposal as provided by section 32.087. If the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal

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submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the ordinance or 42 43 order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the 44 second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required 45 majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the 46 sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county 47 shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of 48 the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal 49 is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting 50 51 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be 52 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 53 proposal pursuant to this section.

- 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law enforcement facilities and for the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said capital improvement projects.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust 70 fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law Enforcement Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax 72trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 73with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 76 inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day

of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law enforcement functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters.

- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.583. 1. The governing body of any county of the second class with a population of more than forty thousand but less than sixty thousand and which contains institutions operated by the department of corrections and by the department of mental health is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law; provided, however, that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal

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12 to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents?

 \square YES \square NO

- 19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 20 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".
- 21 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 22thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 23 amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast by the 24qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the 25county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another 26 proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax 27 28 authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant 29 30 to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section. 31
 - 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees and their dependents.
- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 36 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be 37 38 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust 39 fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Employee Benefit 40 Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county employee benefit sales tax 41 trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled 4243 with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records 44 of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 45 inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 47 of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the

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trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from the county employee benefit sales tax trust fund shall be for the provision of retirement benefits or health care benefits for employees of the county and their dependents and for no other purpose.

- 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any 7 and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the 10 governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 11 12 body of the county to impose a tax.
- 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

16 Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax 17 of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services 18 for the county?

 \square YES \square NO 19

proposal pursuant to this section.

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- If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 20 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 21
- If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 2223 thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then 24 the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first 25 day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the 26 proposal as provided by section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the 27required majority, then the governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the 2829 county shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing 30 body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting 31 32 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 33
 - 3. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. The remainder of revenue shall be deposited in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund established pursuant to section 67.582 of the county levying the tax pursuant to this section. The revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for public law enforcement services only. No revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for any private contractor providing law enforcement services or for any private jail.
- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be 46 47 used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such 48 special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.
- 51 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this

section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall 5253 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust 54 fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Prosecuting Attorney's 55 Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement sales tax trust 56 fund, pursuant to the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. [The moneys 57 in the trust funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 58 59 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trusts and which was collected in 60 61 each county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall 62 be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than 63 the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 64 deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each 65 66 such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from either trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such 67 68 county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the 69 70 voters.

71 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 72refunds from the amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for 73 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 74 and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in section 7576 **32.087.** The county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may 77 order retention in the appropriate trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 78 percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 79 refunds or overpayments of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 80 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 81 effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 82 remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that 83 84 county established pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall notify 85 each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 86 receipts due the county.

7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085

88 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.712. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.700 to 67.727 on behalf of any county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Alternate Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county alternate sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 9 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.700 to 67.727, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each 11 12 county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 13 the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer 14 15 as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing 16 the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county. 17

- 18 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 19 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 20 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 21 and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax 22 authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the county shall notify the director of 23revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal 24and the repeal shall be effective as provided in section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, 25of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 26 refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 27deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 2829 effective date of repeal of the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727 in such 30 county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The 31 32 director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount 33 refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 3. Except as modified in sections 67.700 to 67.727, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections

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67.713. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712, as to the disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 3 to 67.727, one-fifth of the sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by section 67.701 on behalf of any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more [, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in sections 67.700 to 67.727, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County-Municipal Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds 11 12 and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 13 14 collected in each county and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and of the municipalities within the county and the public. Not 15 16 later than the tenth day of each month, the director of the department of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county-municipal storm water and 17 18 public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within 19 20 such county as follows:

- (1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;
- (2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the county; and
- (3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.
 - 2. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such

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36 county or municipality. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date 37 of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 38 39 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 40 percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 41 42 refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 43 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 44 remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the 45 account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each 46 47 county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 48 redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

3. If the governing body of any municipality located wholly or partially within the county so requests by resolution, no funds shall be expended from the proceeds of any tax imposed under section 67.701 within the corporate boundaries of the requesting municipality for the construction, reconstruction or widening of any road established or to be established pursuant to section 137.558, the total cost of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars unless: (a) a public hearing is first held at a place near such proposed action; and (b) plans and specifications of such proposed action are prepared and a cost-benefit analysis prepared in accordance with accepted accounting principles of such proposed action is presented to such public hearing. Such cost-benefit analysis and its work papers shall be a public document and subject to inspection as provided in chapter 610. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to proposed projects in unincorporated areas of the county.

67.729. 1. Any county except any first class county having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may, in the same manner and by the same procedure and subject to the same penalties as set out in sections 67.700 to 67.727, impose a sales tax of not more than one-tenth of one percent for the purpose of funding storm water control and public works projects other than stadiums or other sports facilities. This sales tax shall be in addition to any other sales tax authorized by law.

8 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712 as to the disposition 9 of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, 10 all sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by this

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section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall 11 12be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state 13 treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 14 "County Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in 15 the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed 16 to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 17 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 18 trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this 19 20 section and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 21and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of 22revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county storm water and 23 public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within 24 25 such county as follows:

- (1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;
- (2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the county; and
- (3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the county bears to the total population of the county.
- 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 37 refunds from the amounts in the county storm water and public works sales tax 38 trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 39 40 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director 41 of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the 4243 repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 44 **32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 45 46 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or

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overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

67.737. Except as modified in sections 67.730 to 67.739, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.730 to 67.739.

67.738. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.730 to 67.739 on behalf of any county [, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Capital Improvement Bond Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county capital improvement bond sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records shall be open to the 11 inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 13 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the 14 county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county 15 ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.730 16 to 67.739, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county. 17

2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refund from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal or expiration and **the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such

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notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal or expiration of the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

67.745. 1. Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer than eleven thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants may impose a sales tax throughout the county for public recreational projects and programs, but the sales tax authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of such county submits to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to authorize the county to impose the sales tax.

2. The ballot submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the County of impose a sales tax of up to one percent for the purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

 \square YES \square NO

- 3. If approved by a majority of qualified voters **voting on the issue** in the county, the governing body of the county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members. Of the initial members appointed to the board, three members shall be appointed for a term of three years, three members shall be appointed for a term of two years, and three members shall be appointed for a term of one year. After the initial appointments, board members shall be appointed to three-year terms.
 - 4. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one percent on the receipts from the retail sale of all tangible personal property or taxable service within the county, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 5. All revenue collected from the sales tax under this section by the director of revenue on behalf of a county[, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby

created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Trust Fund". [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of such county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each calendar month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding calendar month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such officer as may be designated by county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax under this section the sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue.

- 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and **the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund for a period of one year of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in a county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of such county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due such county.
- 7. The tax authorized under this section may be imposed in accordance with this section by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized in sections 67.750 to 67.780.
- 8. The sales tax imposed under this section shall expire twenty years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in the county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.
- 9. The provisions of this section shall not in any way affect or limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain, and conduct parks and other recreational grounds for public recreation.

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10. Except as modified in this section, the provisions of sections 32.085 for [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.782. 1. Any county of the third class having a population of more than ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand and any county of the second class having a population of more than fifty-eight thousand and less than seventy thousand adjacent to such third class county, both counties making up the same judicial circuit, may jointly impose a sales tax throughout each of their respective counties for public recreational purposes including the financing, acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, but the sales taxes authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of each such county submits to the voters of their respective counties a proposal to authorize the counties to impose the sales tax.

 \square YES \square NO

17 If a separate majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon in each county are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be 18 19 in effect in both counties. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters 20 voting thereon in either county are opposed to the proposal, then the governing 21 body of neither county shall have power to impose the sales tax authorized by this 22 section unless or until the governing body of the county that has not approved the 23 tax shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body 24 to impose the tax, and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 25 voters voting thereon in that county.

- 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county [, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state

treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county recreation sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.

- 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and **the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
- 62 6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed, in accordance with this section, by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections 64 67.750 to 67.780.
 - 7. Any county imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section may contract with the authority of any other county or with any city or political subdivision for the financing, acquisition, operation, construction, maintenance, or utilization of any recreation facility or project or program funded in whole or in part from revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section.

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- 71 8. The sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall 72 expire twenty-five years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in the manner 73 provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of 7475 ten years.
- 76 9. The governing body of each of the counties imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section may cooperate with the governing body of any county or other political subdivision of this state in carrying out the provisions 78 of this section, and may establish and conduct jointly a system of public 79 80 recreation. The respective governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with the programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each.
- 83 10. The provisions of this section shall not in any way repeal, affect or 84 limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain and conduct parks 85 and other recreational grounds for public recreation.
- 86 11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 87 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 67.799. 1. A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose an annual property tax for the establishment and 3 maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of the regional recreational district not to exceed sixty cents per year on each one hundred dollars of assessed valuation on all property within the 6 district, except that no such tax shall become effective unless the board of 7 directors of the district submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state 8 general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax.
- 9 2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: 10 Shall a cent tax per one hundred dollars assessed valuation be levied for public parks and recreational facilities? 11

12 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 13 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective. If a 14 15 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the 16 proposal, then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the board of directors of the district submits another proposal to 17 authorize the tax and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 18 voters voting thereon.

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- 20 3. The property tax authorized in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall 21 be levied and collected in the same manner as other ad valorem property taxes 22 are levied and collected.
- 23 4. (1) A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board 24 of directors, impose a tax not to exceed one-half of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of 25funding the creation, operation and maintenance of public parks, recreational 26 facilities and grounds within the boundaries of a regional recreational 27 28 district. The tax authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to all other 29 sales taxes allowed by law. No tax pursuant to this subsection shall become 30 effective unless the board of directors submits to the voters of the district, at a 31 county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the 32 tax, and such tax shall become effective only after the majority of the voters 33 voting on such tax approve such tax.
 - (2) In the event the district seeks to impose a sales tax pursuant to this subsection, the question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: Shall a cent sales tax be levied on all retail sales within the district for public parks and recreational facilities?

38 \square YES \square NO

- 39 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 40 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective. If a 41 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the 42 proposal, then the board of directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless 43 and until another proposal to authorize the tax is submitted to the voters of the district and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 44 thereon. The provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax 45 approved pursuant to this subsection. 46
- 5. As used in this section, "qualified voters" or "voters" means any individuals residing within the proposed district who are eligible to be registered voters and who have registered to vote under chapter 115 or, if no individuals eligible and registered to vote reside within the proposed district, all of the 50 owners of real property located within the proposed district who have 52 unanimously petitioned for or consented to the adoption of an ordinance by the governing body imposing a tax authorized in this section. If the owner of the 53 property within the proposed district is a political subdivision or corporation of the state, the governing body of such political subdivision or corporation shall be

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considered the owner for purposes of this section.

67.997. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand 3 one hundred but fewer than eighteen thousand two hundred inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not exceed one-fourth of one percent, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county. One-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the 8 cost of collection, shall be used solely to fund any service or activity deemed 10 necessary by the senior service tax commission established in this section, and 11 one-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the cost of 12 collection,] shall be used solely to fund all youth programs administered by an existing county community task force. The tax authorized in this section shall be 13 14 in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The order or ordinance shall not become 15 16 effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters residing within the county at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to 17 18 authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section.

2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:

21 Shall (insert the name of the county) impose a 22sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent, with half of the 23 revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund 24 senior services provided by the county and half of the revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund youth programs provided 25 by the county? 26

27 \square YES \square NO

28 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 29

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 30 31 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the 32 first day of the second calendar quarter immediately following the approval of the tax or notification to the department of revenue if such tax will be administered 33 by the department of revenue. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by 34

the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall

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not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this 36 37 section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the 38 qualified voters voting on the question.

- 3. [On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county which imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director of the department of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective date of the tax the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and The provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax approved pursuant to this section. All revenue collected under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of any county, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the 48 state's general revenue fund,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Senior Services and Youth Programs Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county for erroneous 53 payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county. Any funds in the special trust fund which 56 are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
 - 4. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized in section 144.285 and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions.] Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.
 - 5. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the

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state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall 73 apply to the collection of the tax[, and all exemptions granted to agencies of 74 government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same 75sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 76 77 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or 78 79 exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption 80 81 from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer under the state sales tax for the 82 collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to 83 the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 84 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any 85 person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid under this 86 section, or in the event a determination has been made against the person for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the 87 88 collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525]. 89 90

6. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the county) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county?

97 \square YES \square NO

98 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

100 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December 101 thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided 102 103 by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the 104 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax 105 authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority 106 107 of the qualified voters voting on the question.

- 7. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
 - 8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes, and the county shall notify the director of the department of revenue of the action at least thirty days before the effective date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.
 - 9. Each county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish a senior services tax commission to administer the portion of the sales tax revenue dedicated to providing senior services. Such commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the county commission. The county commission shall determine the qualifications, terms of office, compensation, powers, duties, restrictions, procedures, and all other necessary functions of the commission.
 - 67.1300. 1. The governing body of any of the contiguous counties of the third classification without a township form of government enumerated in subdivisions (1) to (5) of this subsection or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second classification, having a population of at least forty thousand but less than forty-five thousand with a state

university, and adjoining a county of the first classification with part of a city with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants or a county of the third classification with a township form of government and with a population of at least eight thousand but less than eight thousand four hundred inhabitants or a county of the third classification with more than fifteen 10 townships having a population of at least twenty-one thousand inhabitants or a 11 12 county of the third classification without a township form of government and with 13 a population of at least seven thousand four hundred but less than eight thousand inhabitants or any county of the third classification with a population 14 greater than three thousand but less than four thousand or any county of the 15 16 third classification with a population greater than six thousand one hundred but 17 less than six thousand four hundred or any county of the third classification with 18 a population greater than six thousand eight hundred but less than seven thousand or any county of the third classification with a population greater than 19 20 seven thousand eight hundred but less than seven thousand nine hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than eight thousand 2122 four hundred sixty but less than eight thousand five hundred or any county of the 23 third classification with a population greater than nine thousand but less than nine thousand two hundred or any county of the third classification with a 24population greater than ten thousand five hundred but less than ten thousand six 2526 hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand seven 27 28 hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 29 thirty-three thousand but less than thirty-four thousand or a county of the third 30 classification with a population greater than twenty thousand eight hundred but less than twenty-one thousand or a county of the third classification with a 31 population greater than fourteen thousand one hundred but less than fourteen 32 thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a population 33 greater than twenty thousand eight hundred fifty but less than twenty-two 34 thousand or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 35 thirty-nine thousand but less than forty thousand or a county of the third 36 37 classification with a township form of organization and a population greater than 38 twenty-eight thousand but less than twenty-nine thousand or a county of the 39 third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less than 40 fifteen thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a 41 population greater than eighteen thousand but less than nineteen thousand

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42 seventy or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 43 thirteen thousand nine hundred but less than fourteen thousand four hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-seven 44 thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred or a county of the 45 first classification without a charter form of government and a population of at 46 least eighty thousand but not greater than eighty-three thousand or a county of 47 the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less 48 49 than fifteen thousand nine hundred without a township form of government which does not adjoin any county of the first, second or fourth classification or a 50 51 county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three 52 thousand but less than twenty-five thousand without a township form of 53 government which does not adjoin any county of the second or fourth 54 classification and does adjoin a county of the first classification with a population 55 greater than one hundred twenty thousand but less than one hundred fifty thousand or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the 56 second classification, having a population of at least forty-eight thousand or any 57 58 governing body of a municipality located in any of such counties may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax on all retail sales made in such county or 59 60 municipality which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525: 61

- (1) A county with a population of at least four thousand two hundred inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants;
- (2) A county with a population of at least four thousand seven hundred inhabitants but not more than four thousand nine hundred inhabitants;
- (3) A county with a population of at least seven thousand three hundred inhabitants but not more than seven thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- (4) A county with a population of at least ten thousand one hundred inhabitants but not more than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants; and
- 70 (5) A county with a population of at least four thousand three hundred 71 inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants.
- 72 2. The maximum rate for a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be one 73 percent for municipalities and one-half of one percent for counties.
 - 3. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality submits to the voters of the county

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or municipality, at a regularly scheduled county, municipal or state general or primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or municipality to impose a tax. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not be authorized for a period of more than five years.

4. Such proposal shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

Shall the (city, town, village or county) of impose a sales tax of

(insert amount) for the purpose of economic development in the (city, town, village or county)?

86 \square YES \square NO

87 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 88 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 89 amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter after 90 the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the 91 votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or municipality shall not impose the sales tax 92 authorized in this section until the governing body of the county or municipality 93 resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or 94 municipality to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal 95 is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however no such 96 97 proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the 98 date of the submission of the last such proposal.

- 5. All revenue received by a county or municipality from the tax authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for economic development purposes within such county or municipality for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 6. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for economic development purposes within the county or municipality. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county or municipal funds.
- 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the

- 114 "Local Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".
- 8. [The moneys in the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and the public.
 - 9. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county or municipality which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or municipality. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any economic development purposes authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.
- 131 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 132 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or 133 municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem 134 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties and 135 municipalities.
 - 11. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.
 - 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085

- 150 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 151 13. For purposes of this section, the term "economic development" is 152 limited to the following:
- 153 (1) Operations of economic development or community development 154 offices, including the salaries of employees;
- 155 (2) Provision of training for job creation or retention;
- 156 (3) Provision of infrastructure and sites for industrial development or for public infrastructure projects; and
- 158 (4) Refurbishing of existing structures and property relating to community 159 development.
- 67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five thousand five hundred but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants 5 and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than forty thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine 10 hundred inhabitants or any city within such county may impose, by order or 11 ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are 12 subject to sales tax under chapter 144. In addition, the governing body of any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine 13 hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of 15 any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but less than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax 16 on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under 17 chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half 18 of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become 19 effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of 20 21 the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize 22 the governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this 23 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be 24 stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
- 25 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be 26 in substantially the following form:

27 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a 28 sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic 29 development purposes? 30 \square YES \square NO If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 31 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 32 33 first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the election was held as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the 34 35 votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 36 the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question 37 is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided 38 39 that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months 40 from the date of the submission of the last proposal. 41 3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue 42 43 generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation, including, but 44 not limited to, the following: 45 46 (1) Acquisition of land; 47 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks; 48 (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity; 49 (4) Extension of streets: 50 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants; (6) Marketing; 51 (7) Construction and operation of job training and educational facilities; 52 53 and 54 (8) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, equipment acquisition, site development, and infrastructure. Not more than 55 twenty-five percent of the revenue generated may be used annually for 56 administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs. 57 58 4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust 59 fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed,

all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for

the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or countyfunds.

- 65 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any 66 city or county for erroneous payments in the trust fund and credited 67 to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, 68 and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit 69 of such counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax authorized 71under this section, the repeal of such tax shall become effective December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such abolishment was approved. Each city or county shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the 74sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as 75provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order 76 retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 78 refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks 79 80 and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this 81 section in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or 84 85 county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county. 86
- 6. Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish an economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven members, to be appointed as follows:
- 90 (1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts 91 are included within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales 92 tax authorized in this section. Such members shall be appointed in any manner 93 agreed upon by the affected districts;
- 94 (2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the 95 affected districts, to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within 96 the area selected for an economic development project or area funded by the sales 97 tax authorized in this section, excluding representatives of the governing body of 98 the city or county;

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- 99 (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in 100 the city or county;
- 101 (4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief 102 elected officer of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the 103 governing body of the city or county;
- 104 (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body 105 of the county in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county. At the option of the members 106 appointed by a city or county the members who are appointed by the school 107 boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a term to coincide 108 109 with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation of 110 an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the 111 definite terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school districts and other taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the 112113 length of time an economic development project, plan, or area is approved, such term shall terminate upon final approval of the project, plan, or designation of 114 115 the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any school district or other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty days 116 of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic 117 118 development project, or designation of an economic development area, the 119 remaining members may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the members first appointed by the city or county, three shall be designated to serve 120 121 for terms of two years, three shall be designated to serve for a term of three 122 years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four 123 years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members 124 appointed by the city or county shall serve for a term of four years, except that 125 all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the 126 original appointments.
 - [6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall develop economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within

ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area.

- 138 [7.] 8. The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of 139 the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the 140 progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section.
- [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

[9.] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the repeal.

- 171 11. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the 172 provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all 173 functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the 174state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under this section. The 175 tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax 176 law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported 177 upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations 178 as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 179
 - 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
 - 67.1305. 1. As used in this section, the term "city" shall mean any 2 incorporated city, town, or village.
- 3 2. In lieu of the sales taxes authorized under sections 67.1300 and 67.1303, the governing body of any city or county may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at any citywide, county or state general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body 10 11 to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately 12 13 from all other charges and taxes. The tax authorized in this section shall not be imposed by any city or county that has imposed a tax under section 67.1300 or 14 67.1303 unless the tax imposed under those sections has expired or been 15 16 repealed.
- 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:
- Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development purposes?
- \square YES \square NO
- 23 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting
- 24 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the
- 25 first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which

the election was held. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal.

- 4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county or municipality [, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Option Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".
- 5. [The moneys in the local option economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or county and the public.
- 6. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be in accordance with this section.
- 7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities and counties.
- 8. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and **the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087.** The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem

- 62 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one
- 63 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or
- 64 county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city
- 65 or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue
- 66 shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any
- 67 check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
- 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
- 69 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 70 10. (1) No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall
- 71 be used for any retail development project, except for the redevelopment of
- 72 downtown areas and historic districts. Not more than twenty-five percent of the
- 73 revenue generated shall be used annually for administrative purposes, including
- 74 staff and facility costs.
- 75 (2) At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax
- 76 authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to
 - 77 long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the
- 78 following:
- 79 (a) Acquisition of land;
- 80 (b) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 81 (c) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 82 (d) Extension of streets;
- 83 (e) Public facilities directly related to economic development and job
- 84 creation; and
- 85 (f) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants relating to such
- 86 long-term projects.
- 87 (3) The remaining revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section
- 88 may be used for, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- 89 (a) Marketing;
- 90 (b) Providing grants and loans to companies for job training, equipment
- 91 acquisition, site development, and infrastructures;
- 92 (c) Training programs to prepare workers for advanced technologies and
- 93 high skill jobs;
- 94 (d) Legal and accounting expenses directly associated with the economic
- 95 development planning and preparation process;
- 96 (e) Developing value-added and export opportunities for Missouri
- 97 agricultural products.

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- 11. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.
- 105 12. (1) Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section 106 shall establish an economic development tax board. The volunteer board shall 107 receive no compensation or operating budget.
- 108 (2) The economic development tax board established by a city shall consist
 109 of at least five members, but may be increased to nine members. Either a
 110 five-member or nine-member board shall be designated in the order or ordinance
 111 imposing the sales tax authorized by this section, and the members are to be
 112 appointed as follows:
 - (a) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member board, shall be appointed by the school districts included within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this section. Such member or members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the affected districts;
- 118 (b) Three members of a five-member board, or five members of a 119 nine-member board, shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city with 120 the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city;
- 121 (c) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member 122 board, shall be appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city 123 is located.
- 124 (3) The economic development tax board established by a county shall 125 consist of seven members, to be appointed as follows:
- 126 (a) One member shall be appointed by the school districts included within 127 any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this 128 section. Such member shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the 129 affected districts;
- 130 (b) Four members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county; 131 and
- 132 (c) Two members from the cities, towns, or villages within the county 133 appointed in any manner agreed upon by the chief elected officers of the cities or

- villages. Of the members initially appointed, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, except that when a nine-member board is designated, seven of the members initially appointed shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments.
 - (4) If an economic development tax board established by a city is already in existence on August 28, 2012, any increase in the number of members of the board shall be designated in an order or ordinance. The four board members added to the board shall be appointed to a term with an expiration coinciding with the expiration of the terms of the three board member positions that were originally appointed to terms of two years. Thereafter, the additional members appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the additional appointments.
 - 13. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall consider economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic development area. The governing body of the city or county shall have the final determination on use and expenditure of any funds received from the tax imposed under this section.
 - 14. The board may consider and recommend using funds received from the tax imposed under this section for plans, projects or area designations outside the boundaries of the city or county imposing the tax if, and only if:
 - (1) The city or county imposing the tax or the state receives significant economic benefit from the plan, project or area designation; and
- 168 (2) The board establishes an agreement with the governing bodies of all 169 cities and counties in which the plan, project or area designation is located

detailing the authority and responsibilities of each governing body with regard to the plan, project or area designation.

- 172 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 173 economic development sales tax imposed under this section when imposed within 174 a special taxing district, including but not limited to a tax increment financing 175 district, neighborhood improvement district, or community improvement district, 176 shall be excluded from the calculation of revenues available to such districts, and 177 no revenues from any sales tax imposed under this section shall be used for the 178 purposes of any such district unless recommended by the economic development 179 tax board established under this section and approved by the governing body 180 imposing the tax.
- 181 16. The board and the governing body of the city or county imposing the tax shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section and shall make such report available to the public.
- 17. Not later than the first day of March each year the board shall submit to the joint committee on economic development a report, not exceeding one page in length, which must include the following information for each project using the tax authorized under this section:
- 190 (1) A statement of its primary economic development goals;
- 191 (2) A statement of the total economic development sales tax revenues 192 received during the immediately preceding calendar year;
- 193 (3) A statement of total expenditures during the preceding calendar year 194 in each of the following categories:
- 195 (a) Infrastructure improvements;
- 196 (b) Land and/or buildings;
- (c) Machinery and equipment;
- 198 (d) Job training investments;
- 199 (e) Direct business incentives;
- 200 (f) Marketing;
- 201 (g) Administration and legal expenses; and
- (h) Other expenditures.
- 203 18. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales 204 tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the 205 voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of

206 submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax 208 imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic 209 development purposes?

 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

- 19. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 20. If any provision of this section or section 67.1303 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of this section or section 67.1303 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and section 67.1303 are declared severable.
- 67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, except sales of [motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors and sales to or by public utilities and providers of communications, cable, or video services] fuel used to power motor vehicles, aircraft, locomotives, or watercraft, or

sales of electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller, and the retail sale or transfer of motor vehicles, aircraft, watercraft, modular homes, manufactured homes, or mobile 10 **homes**. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one 11 percent. Such district sales and use tax may be imposed for any district purpose 12designated by the district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters; except 13 that, no resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the qualified voters of the district, 15 by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales and use tax pursuant to this 16 section. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters on the proposed 17 sales tax are in favor of the sales tax, then the resolution is adopted. If a 19 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters are opposed to the sales tax, 20 then the resolution is void. 21 2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form: 22 Shall the (insert name of district) Community Improvement District impose a community improvement district wide sales and use tax at the 23 maximum rate of (insert amount) for a period of (insert 24 number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose 2526 of the purpose)? 27 \square YES \square NO 28 29 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 30 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 31 3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition 32 of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.087, 33 notify the director of the department of revenue. The sales and use tax 34 authorized by this section shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue receives notice 35 36 of the adoption of such tax. 37 4. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted 38 pursuant to this section pursuant to section 32.087] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of 39 revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 40 41 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in

addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax

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- 43 authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of 44 Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and 45 46 under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 47
 - 5. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed pursuant to this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
 - 6. [In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285.
- 58 7.1 The penalties provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 shall apply to violations of this section. 59
- [8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall be deposited into a special trust fund and expended solely for such 62 purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax adopted pursuant to this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used 65 solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the qualified voters. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for 66 current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors pursuant to 68 applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.
 - [9.] 8. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax unless the repeal of such sales and use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, moneys the district has borrowed or obligation the district has issued to finance any improvements or services rendered for the district.
- [10.] 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, an election for a 75 76 district sales and use tax under this section shall be conducted in accordance with 77 the provisions of this section.
 - 10. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections

79 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

- 67.1712. 1. The governing body of any county located within the proposed metropolitan district is hereby authorized to impose by ordinance a one-tenth of one cent sales tax on all retail sales subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of funding the creation, operation and maintenance of a metropolitan park and recreation district.
- 2. In addition to the tax authorized in subsection 1 of this section, the governing body of any county located within the metropolitan district as of January 1, 2012, is authorized to impose by ordinance an incremental sales tax of up to three-sixteenths of one cent on all retail sales subject to taxation under sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of funding the operation and maintenance of the metropolitan park and recreation district. Such incremental sales tax shall not be implemented unless approved by the voters of the county with the largest population within the district and at least one other such county under subsection 2 of section 67.1715.
- 15 3. The taxes authorized by sections 67.1700 to 67.1769 shall be in addition 16 to all other sales taxes allowed by law. The governing body of any county within the metropolitan district enacting such an ordinance shall submit to the voters 17 of such county a proposal to approve its ordinance imposing or increasing the 18 19 tax. Such ordinance shall become effective only after the majority of the voters voting on such ordinance approve such ordinance. The provisions of sections 20 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax and increase in tax approved 21 22 pursuant to this section and sections 67.1715 to 67.1721.
- 67.1775. 1. The governing body of a city not within a county, or any county of this state may, after voter approval under this section, levy a sales tax not to exceed one-quarter of a cent in the county or city, or city not within a county, for the purpose of providing services described in section 210.861, including counseling, family support, and temporary residential services to 5 persons nineteen years of age or less. The question shall be submitted to the 7 qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, at a county or city or state general, primary or special election upon the motion of the governing body of the county or city, or city not within a county or upon the petition of eight 10 percent of the qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, determined on the basis of the number of votes cast for governor in such county 11 12at the last gubernatorial election held prior to the filing of the petition. The election officials of the county or city, or city not within a county, shall give legal 13

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notice as provided in chapter 115. The question shall be submitted in 15 substantially the following form:

16 Shall County or City, solely for the purpose of establishing a community children's services fund for the purpose of providing services to protect 17the well-being and safety of children and youth nineteen years of age or less and 18 to strengthen families, be authorized to levy a sales tax of (not to exceed one-quarter of a cent) in the city or county?

21 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director receives notification of the local sales tax. If a question receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, has submitted another question to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such question is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last question under this section.

- 2. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 3. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, or city not within a county, less one percent for 44 the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund 46 after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special fund, which is hereby created, 47 to be known as the "Community Children's Services Fund". [The moneys in the city or county, or city not within a county, community children's services fund

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shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the fund which was collected in each city or county, or city not within 52 a county, imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open 53 to the inspection of officers of each city or county, or city not within a county, and 54 the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 55 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the fund during the preceding 56 month by distributing to the city or county treasurer, or the treasurer of a city 57 not within a county, or such other officer as may be designated by a city or county 58 59 ordinance or order, or ordinance or order of a city not within a county, of each city 60 or county, or city not within a county, imposing the tax authorized by this section, 61 the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the city or county.

- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to any city or county, or city not within a county, for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each city or county, or city not within a county, shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as provided by section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such city not within a county or such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county, or city not within a county, and close the account of that city or county, or city not within a county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county, or city not within a county, of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.
- 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 6. All revenues generated by the tax prescribed in this section shall be deposited in the county treasury or, in a city not within a county, to the board established by law to administer such fund to the credit of a special community children's services fund to accomplish the purposes set out herein and in section

86 210.861, and shall be used for no other purpose. Such fund shall be administered by a board of directors, established under section 210.861.

67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales of [food as defined in section 144.014, sales of] new or used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or other outboard motors, [all utilities, telephone and wireless services,] and sales of funeral services, made on or after January 1, 2014, within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Upon the written request of the board to the election authority of the county in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, such election authority shall submit a proposition to the residents of such district at a municipal or statewide primary or general election, or at a special election called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115.

2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the following form at such election:

18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 19 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

20 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the

21 proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall

22 become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director

23 of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If the proposal receives less

24 than the required majority, then the board shall have no power to impose the

25 sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the board shall

26 $\,$ again have submitted another proposal to authorize the board to impose the sales

27 tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required

28 majority of the qualified voters of the district.

67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and 2 Recreational Facility District Act".

- 2. An exhibition center and recreational facility district may be created under this section in the following counties:
- 5 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one 6 thousand three hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred

- 7 inhabitants;
- 8 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred
- 9 ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two
- 10 hundred inhabitants;
- 11 (3) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five
- 12 thousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;
- 13 (4) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two
- 14 thousand six hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred
- 15 inhabitants;
- 16 (5) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four
- 17 thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred
- 18 inhabitants;
- 19 (6) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
- 20 government and with more than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than
- 21 eighteen thousand inhabitants;
- 22 (7) Any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seven
- 23 thousand but less than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants;
- 24 (8) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
- 25 government and with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less
- 26 than twenty-three thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- 27 (9) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
- 28 government and with more than nineteen thousand three hundred but less than
- 29 nineteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;
- 30 (10) Any county of the first classification with more than two hundred
- 31 forty thousand three hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four
- 32 hundred inhabitants;
- 33 (11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of
- 34 government and with more than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than
- 35 nine thousand inhabitants;
- 36 (12) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
- 37 government and with more than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than
- 38 nineteen thousand inhabitants;
- 39 (13) Any county of the third classification with a township form of
- 40 government and with more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand
- 41 one hundred inhabitants;
- 42 (14) Any county of the third classification with a township form of

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- 43 government and with more than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than 44 eleven thousand six hundred inhabitants.
- 3. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county listed in subsection 2 of this section desire to create an exhibition center and recreational facility district, the property owners shall file a petition with the governing body of each county located within the boundaries of the proposed district requesting the creation of the district. The district boundaries may include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall contain the following information:
- 52 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real 53 property owned by the petitioner;
 - (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a map illustrating the boundaries; and
 - (3) The name of the proposed district.
- 4. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:
 - (1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;
- 63 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment 64 of the proposed district;
- 65 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district; 66 and
 - (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.
- 5. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governing body of each county located within the proposed district shall:
- 70 (1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one 71 newspaper of general circulation in each county located within the proposed 72 district, with the first publication to occur not more than thirty days before the 73 hearing, and the second publication to occur not more than fifteen days or less 74 than ten days before the hearing;
- 75 (2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishment 76 of the proposed district; and
- 77 (3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.
- 78 6. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located

- 79 within the proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall
- 80 adopt an order to that effect; if the governing body of any county located within
- 81 the proposed district decides to not establish the proposed district, the boundaries
- 82 of the proposed district shall not include that county. The order shall contain the
- 83 following:
- 84 (1) The description of the boundaries of the district;
- 85 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district 86 has been established;
- 87 (3) The name of the district;
- 88 (4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuant 89 to this section; and
- 90 (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.
- 91 7. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, primary, or special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district 92 boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed 93 twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, which are subject to 94 95 taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an 96 exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be in 97 substantially the following form: 98

 \square YES \square NO

- 104 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 105 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 106 If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the
- 107 proposed district favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in
- that portion of the county [that is part of the proposed district on the first day of
- 109 the first calendar quarter immediately following the election] as provided by
- section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of a county that is
- a part of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that portion of such
- 112 county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section until after the
- 113 county governing body has submitted another such sales tax proposal and the
- 114 proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting

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thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing body of 115 116 the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section 117 sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant to this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that have 118 119 contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to 120 become one district.

- 8. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district 122 created and the expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section 123 consisting of four individuals to represent each county approving the district, as provided in this subsection. The governing body of each county located within the 125 district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall appoint four 126 members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging 127 business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall be an owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and 128 129 all members shall reside in the district except that one nonlodging business owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility owner, or their designee, may 130 131 reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five years of age 132 and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four 133 years. Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed 134 135 to a four-year term by the governing body of the county the trustee represents, with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a successor is 136 appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be 138 reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee 139 vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and 140 necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and other officers necessary for its membership. Trustees may be removed if:
- 143 (1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and 144 submits such motion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee 145 was appointed; and
- 146 (2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee was 147 appointed, by a majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.
- 148 9. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and 149 privileges:
- 150 (1) To have and use a corporate seal;

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- (2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings;
- 152 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person 153 or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts 154 with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their 155 agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including 156 without limitation interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a single 157 158 exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such 159 activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public 160 use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or 161 athletic activities;
- 162 (4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by 163 certificates, notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful 164 funding methods the district may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest 165 as the district may determine. Any bonds, notes, and other obligations issued or 166 delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, pledge, or deed of trust of 167 any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, 168 notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the 169 district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may 170 be pledged, assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, 171 without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement 172 with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or 173 revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be authorized by 174 resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall 175 mature at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such 176 denomination, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon 177 178 or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, 179 variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such 180 manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such 181 resolution may provide, notwithstanding section 108.170. The bonds, notes, or 182 other obligations may be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest 183 rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine;
 - (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;
 - (6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without

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an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;

- (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business and affairs of the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of district improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other charges in connection with its services or for the use of any of its facilities;
 - (8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 197 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of 198 property;
 - (10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not in conflict with the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying on of the business, objects, and affairs of the board and of the district; and
- 202 (11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidental 203 to or implied from the specific powers granted by this section.
 - 10. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational Facility District Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall be custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. [Moneys in the trust fund shall be considered nonstate funds pursuant to section 15, article IV, Constitution of Missouri.] The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the district, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was collected in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds from the amounts in

the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of the district.

- 226 11. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other 227 sales taxes allowed by law. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall 228 229 perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 230 enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the 231 sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and 232 233 the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be 234 collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 235 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the 236 director of revenue.
- 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- [12.] 13. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form:

249 \square YES \square NO

- 250 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 251 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.
- [13.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used

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solely for the purposes approved in the ballot question authorizing the sales tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, debt, or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or obligation incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax provided in this section or more than ten years after any voter-approved extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the sales tax provided in this section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection 1 of section 30.270 or repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the district abolishes the sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the district. The director of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

[14.] 15. In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any means, the governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer of each county in the district and take receipt for all remaining moneys in amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears to the total levy for the district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the district, whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the

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295 district all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven 3 hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by 10 law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this 11 section shall be effective unless the governing authority of the city submits to the 12 qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the city to impose a 13 14 tax.

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form: Shall the city of (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the city?

 \square YES \square NO

19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following notification to the director of the department of

25 revenue of the election approving the proposal] as provided by section 32.087.

26 If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until

28 the governing authority of the city has submitted another proposal to authorize

29 the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is

30 approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting

31 thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be

32 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last

33 proposal pursuant to this section.

3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section, 35 the city may adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and

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36 administration of the tax:

- (1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the city officers usually responsible for collection and administration of city taxes; or
- (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. In the event any city enters into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this 43 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and 48 under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to exceed one percent for cost of collection.
 - 4. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may collect a penalty of one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be considered delinquent thirty days after the last day of each quarter] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
 - [5.] 4. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales tax pursuant to this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal of such sales tax signed by at least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of the sales tax to the qualified voters at any primary or general election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:
- 69 Shall (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of (insert rate of percent) percent for tourism purposes now in effect in (insert name of 70 71city)?

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 \Box YES \Box NO

- 73 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 75 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal
- 76 shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such
- 77 repeal was approved. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or
- 78 county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one
- 79 hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the repeal.
 - (2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds remaining in any trust fund or account established to receive revenues generated by the tax shall be used solely for the original stated purpose of the tax. Any funds which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
 - (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax pursuant to this section shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least forty-five days before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in any trust fund created in the state treasury associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax in the city, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the trust fund to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.
- (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax pursuant to this section 97 dissolves or terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall 98 99 appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or 100 terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give 101 102 bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to 103 the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of 104 duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the 105 district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall 106 pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take receipt for all remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver 107

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108 to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and 109 deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

- [6.] 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 110 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section. 111
 - 67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the 2 following qualifications:
 - 3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident registered voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property owner or, as to those subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are residents, a property owner or representative of a property owner in the subdistrict he or she represents;
 - 8 (2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the 9 district.
- 10 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than 11 fifteen subdistricts, which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board members shall have terms of four years, 12 13 including the initial board of directors. All members shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed by the mayor 14 15 or chairman of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected by the property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters. 16
 - 3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board of directors.
- 4. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property owners who collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more than half of the land situated in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a representative to serve upon the board of directors. The clerk of the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in writing by all 26 property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day 28 29 of the meeting required by this section, to call a meeting of the owners of real 30 property within the subdistrict at a day and hour specified in a public place in 31 the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing members of the board of directors.

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- 33 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election 34 of a temporary chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall be conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible 35 property owners voting in that subdistrict. At the election, each acre of real 36 property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and each owner, 37 including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for 38 every acre of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each 39 voter which is not an individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided 40 for in its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of partnership, 41 42 bylaws, or other document which sets forth an appropriate mechanism for the 43 determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the 44 45 day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the temporary chairman and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is 46 47 established by a municipality described in this section, or to the circuit clerk if the district is established by a circuit court. 48
 - 6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or chairman of a city, town, or village described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of directors of the district.
 - 7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall have the authority to appoint or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.
- 8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive powers, including:
- (1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical, theatrical, cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment events or activities, and fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve, maintain, and operate public improvements, transportation projects, and related facilities within the district;
 - (2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the

69 district; and

- 70 (3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.
- 9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board shall meet. At its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a
- 73 chairman from its members.
- 74 10. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, 75 treasurer, and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.
- 76 11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.
- 12. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any board resolution.
- 13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] as provided by section 32.087.
- 14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.
- 92 15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530, 93 the district shall have the following general powers:
- 94 (1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process, 95 which shall be served upon the district secretary;
 - (2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;
- 97 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including 101 without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, 102 development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a district 103 facility or to assist in such activity;
- 104 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange,

- mortgage, and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;
- 107 (5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities;
- 108 (6) To collect taxes and other revenues;
- 109 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by 110 certificates, notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the 111 purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of land, construction, development,
- 112 or equipping of any facilities or operations of the district;
- 113 (8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection with 114 the exercise of powers pursuant to this subsection;
- 115 (9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a 116 chairman, treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents 117 of the district, and one officer may hold more than one office;
 - (10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;
- 119 (11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists, 120 agencies, or performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking 121 of entertainment and the sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to 122 the purposes of the district;
- 123 (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or 124 individual regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing, 125 improving, maintaining, or operating a project or to assist in such activity;
- 126 (13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district 127 facilities and improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth 128 by contract;
- 129 (14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the district 130 to accomplish its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.
- 131 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other 132 obligations for any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other 133 obligations:
- 134 (1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district, 135 including costs of issuance thereof;
- 136 (2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or other 137 assets of the district;
- 138 (3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged, 139 assigned, mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;
- 140 (4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the

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- district, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, but not in excess of forty years, as the resolution shall specify;
- 143 (5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such 144 form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate 145 bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be 146 payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may 147 provide; and
- 148 (6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, and 149 at such price or prices as the district shall determine.
- 150 The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the district notwithstanding 151 the provisions of section 108.170.
- 67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount as the district may deem necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall have the benefit of the foregoing provisions regarding notes, bonds, and other obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, refunding bonds may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding may be effected whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or thereafter shall mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the obligations being refunded with the exchange of the refunding bonds for the obligations being refunded with the
 - 2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they are not obligations of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other than the district.
- 3. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Upon voter approval, and receiving the necessary certifications from the governing body of the municipality in which the district is located, or from the circuit court if the district was formed by the circuit court, the board of directors shall have the

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power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting thereafter. Voter 27 approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in accordance with section 67.2520. [The sales tax shall become effective in those subdistricts that 28 approve the sales tax on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately 29 30 following the passage of a resolution by the board of directors imposing the sales 31 tax.

- 4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 38 5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and 39 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to 40 serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the district 41 42 may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 43 144.285. 44
- 6. 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by 45 46 this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for 47 the purposes of the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures may be invested by the district 48 board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment 49 50 of other district funds.
- [7.] 5. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one 52 percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the district adopting such tax, if such property 53 and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the 54 provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Any district sales tax imposed 55 pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform 56 throughout the subdistricts approving the sales tax.
- 58 [8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall 59 impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of 60 selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the 61 extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules

- and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.
 - 9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the district.
 - (2)] 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
 - 7. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.
 - [(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and, after deducting the cost of such collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in a special trust account. Such revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to expenses, costs, or debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a contract between the municipality and the district.
 - 10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
- 96 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, 97 persons, and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property

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98 and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are 99 hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this 100 section.

- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- 107 (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 108 state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to 109 such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant 110 to the provisions of this section.
- 111 (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 112 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations 113 of this section.
- 114 (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 115 116 business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by 117 the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common 118 carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has 119 more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the 120 sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer 121 where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though 122 the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, 123 shipment, or billing.
- 124 A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place 125 of business from which the employee works.
- 126 (7) 8. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and 127 implementation of a sales tax in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of one percent on retail sales as 128 129 provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in accordance with 130 section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place 131 the question of the increase of the sales tax before the voters of the district by 132 resolution, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally 133 conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which

134	originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the		
135	subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges shall certify the		
136	election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of submission shall		
137	be in substantially the following form:		
138	Shall (name of district) increase the (insert amount)		
139	percent district sales tax now in effect to (insert amount) in the		
140	(name of district)?		
141	\square YES \square NO		
142	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you		
143	are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".		
144	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the		
145	district voting thereon are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become		
146	effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such increase was		
147	approved] as provided by section 32.087.		
148	[11.] 9. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section		
149	while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding.		
150	(2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third		
151	of the registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election,		
152	or signed by at least two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an		
153	election to dissolve and repeal the tax shall submit the question to the voters		
154	using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was voted. The ballot of		
155	submission shall be in substantially the following form:		
156	Shall (name of district) dissolve and repeal the (insert		
157	amount) percent district sales tax now in effect in the (name of		
158	district)?		
159	\square YES \square NO		
160	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you		
161	are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". Such		
162	subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in		
163	accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of		
164	directors may place the question of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters		
165	of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which		
166	originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the		
167	court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct		
168	the subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify		
169	the election results to the district board of directors.		

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170 (3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters 171 of the district voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become 172 effective December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved or after the repayment of the district's indebtedness, whichever occurs 173 174 later. If the district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the 175 director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days 176 prior to the effective date of the repeal.

[12.] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the district should dissolve, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

183 Shall the theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be 184 abolished?

 \square YES \square NO 185

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 186 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 187

- 188 (2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district while there are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the district is outstanding, or while the district is insolvent, in receivership or under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting the question to abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit the district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the 194 district may be abolished pursuant to law. The vote on the abolition of the district shall be conducted by the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village in 196 which the district is located. The procedure shall be the same as in section 198 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified voters of the entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such time as the district is abolished.
- 201 (3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenues 202 to which it is entitled at law.
- 203 (4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification 204 by the city, town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of those voting within the entire district have voted to abolish the district, and if the 205

state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board of directors of the district shall:

- 209 (a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and 210 then transfer the proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the 211 district to the city, town, or village in which the district is located, including 212 revenues due and owing the district, for its further use and disposition;
- 213 (b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, and 214 otherwise conclude its affairs;
- 215 (c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board 216 of directors passed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished 217 effective that date;
- 218 (d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the 219 secretary of state and the city, town, or village in which the district is 220 located. Upon the completion of the final act specified in this subsection, the 221 legal existence of the district shall cease.
- 222 (5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of two 223 years after voter approval of the abolition.
- 224 11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 225 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be imposed solely for the purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the city's center city. The governing body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital improvements, which will 11 12 be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this 13 section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters residing within the city at a state or 15 municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the

governing body of the city to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized

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in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

19 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in 20 substantially the following form:

 \square YES \square NO

26 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective on the 27 first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 28notice of the adoption of the sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the 29 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then 30 the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted 31 under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a 32 33 majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. In no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the qualified voters of the city sooner than twelve months from the 34 date of the proposal under this section. 35

- 3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in [section] sections 32.085 to 32.087. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 45 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous 46 payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts 47 48 deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall 49 notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust 50 fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt 51 52 of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem

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dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 53 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the 55 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each 56 instance of any amount refunded. 57

5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax 58 authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the 59 voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

62 Shall (insert the name of the city) repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for capital improvements purposes in the city's center city? 64

 \square YES 65 \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the repeal.

6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections

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89 32.085 to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.

- 94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 9 3. With respect to any tax increment financing plan originally approved by ordinance of the city council after March 31, 2009, in any home rule city with 10 more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one 11 12 county, any three-eighths of one cent sales tax imposed under sections 94.600 to 94.655 shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined 13 14 under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from such taxes shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 15 16 or subsection 4 of section 99.957. Any one-eighth of one cent sales tax imposed in such city under sections 94.600 to 94.655 for constructing and operating a 17 18 light-rail transit system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from 19 20 such tax shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957. 21
 - [4. If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.600 to 94.655 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary.]
 - 94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one percent for submission to the voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected by the

governing body.

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- 7 2. Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the city or county adopting the tax, if such property and services 9 are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 11 3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 12 following language:

Shall the county/city of (county's or city's name) impose a 13 county/city-wide sales tax of percent for the purpose of providing a source 14 15 of funds for public transportation purposes?

 \square YES \square NO 16

17Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters 18 19 voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect [on the first day of the next calendar quarter beginning after its adoption and notice 20 to the director of revenue, but no sooner than thirty days after such adoption and 2122 notice] as provided by section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county by the qualified voters voting are opposed to 23the proposal, then the additional sales tax shall not be imposed in that county or 2425 city not within a county unless and until the governing body of that county or city 26 not within a county shall have submitted another proposal to authorize the local 27 option transportation sales tax authorized in this section, and such proposal is 28 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on it. In no event shall a 29 proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve 30 months from the date of the last proposal.

- 4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.
- 35 5. The provisions of subsection 4 of this section requiring both the city 36 and county to approve a transportation sales tax before a transportation sales tax 37 may go into effect in either jurisdiction shall not apply to any transportation sales 38 tax submitted to and approved by the voters in such city or such county on or after August 28, 2007.
- 40 6. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall

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42 be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 43 surety bonds, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public Transit Sales Tax 44 Trust Fund". The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 45 32.087. The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and 46 shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue 47 shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 48 collected in each city or county approving a sales tax under this section, and the 49 records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the 50 51 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 52 distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 53 the city or county which levied the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with 54 the treasurer of each such city or county and all expenditures of funds arising from the county public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation 55 act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or city not within a 56 57 county.

- 7. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this section shall be used only for the planning, development, acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of public transit facilities and systems other than highways.
- 62 8. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for 63 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 64 and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or counties. If any city or county 65 66 abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the 67 director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, 68 of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 69 refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 71effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue 72shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the city 73 or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue 75 shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose

2	a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755,
3	and issue bonds for transportation purposes which shall be retired by the
4	revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this section. The tax
5	authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes
6	allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of
7	this section shall become effective unless the council or other governing body
8	submits to the voters of the city, at a city or state general, primary, or special
9	election, a proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city
10	to impose such a sales tax and, if such tax is to be used to retire bonds authorized
11	pursuant to this section, to authorize such bonds and their retirement by such
12	tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that imposed and collected
13	such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 5, 1984. The ballot of
14	the submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language:
15	(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax
16	authorized by this section, the following language:
17	Shall the city of (city's name) impose a sales tax of
18	(insert amount) for transportation purposes?
19	\square YES \square NO
20	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you
21	are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No";
22	(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and
23	repay such bonds with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the
24	following language:
25	Shall the city of (city's name) issue bonds in the
26	amount of (insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose
27	a sales tax of (insert amount) to repay such bonds?
28	\square YES \square NO
29	If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you
30	are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".
31	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this
32	subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal,
33	then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If the
34	four-sevenths majority of the votes, as required by the Missouri Constitution,
35	article VI, section 26, cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (2) of this
36	subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the
37	qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance

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and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast on 38 39 the proposal, as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the qualified 40 voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the council or other governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the tax authorized in 41 42 subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other 43 governing body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved by a 44 majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths of the 45 votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, as 46 provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales 47 48 tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body of the city shall 49 have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized in subdivision 50 (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of 51 52 the city to issue such bonds or impose the tax to retire such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting thereon. 53

- 2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.
- 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.
- 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed 65 shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director 66 of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of 67 68 the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall 69 reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the city 70 clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt 71of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be 72 effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary. 73

74	5.] No tax imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of retiring		
75	bonds issued pursuant to this section may be terminated until all of such bonds		
76	have been retired.		
	143.011. 1. A tax is hereby imposed for every taxable year on the		
2	Missouri taxable income of every resident.		
3	(1) For tax years ending on or before	ore December 31, 2013, the tax	
4	shall be determined by applying the tax tabl	e or the rate provided in section	
5	143.021, which is based upon the following rat	tes:	
6	If the Missouri taxable income is:	The tax is:	
7	Not over \$1,000.00	1 1/2% of the Missouri	
8		taxable income	
9	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$15 plus 2% of excess	
10		over \$1,000	
11	Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000	\$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess	
12		over \$2,000	
13	Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000	\$60 plus 3% of excess	
14		over \$3,000	
15	Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000	\$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess	
16		over \$4,000	
17	Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000	\$125 plus 4% of excess	
18		over \$5,000	
19	Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000	\$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess	
20		over \$6,000	
21	Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000	\$210 plus 5% of excess	
22		over \$7,000	
23	Over \$8,000 but not over \$9,000	\$260 plus 5 1/2% of excess	
24		over \$8,000	
25	Over \$9,000	\$315 plus 6% of excess	
26		over \$9,000	
27	(2) For all tax years beginning on	or before January 1, 2014, but	
28	ending on or before December 31, 2014, t	he tax shall be determined by	
29	applying the tax table or the rate provide	ed in section 143.021, which is	
30	based upon the following rates:		
31	If the Missouri taxable income is:	The tax is:	
32	Not over \$1,000.00	1 1/2% of the Missouri	
33		taxable income	

34	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$15 plus 2% of excess
35		over \$1,000
36	Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000	\$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess
37		over \$2,000
38	Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000	\$60 plus 3% of excess
39		over \$3,000
40	Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000	\$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess
41		over \$4,000
42	Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000	\$125 plus 4% of excess
43		over \$5,000
44	Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000	\$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess
45		over \$6,000
46	Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000	\$210 plus 5% of excess
47		over \$7,000
48	Over \$8,000 but not over \$8,700	260 plus 5 1/2% of excess
49		over \$8,000
50	Over \$8,700	\$299 plus 5 17/20% of excess
51		over \$8,700
52	(3) For all tax years beginning on or	r before January 1, 2015, but
53	ending on or before December 31, 2015, the	e tax shall be determined by
54	applying the tax table or the rate provided	l in section 143.021, which is
55	based upon the following rates:	
56	If the Missouri taxable income is:	The tax is:
57	Not over \$1,000.00	1 1/2% of the Missouri
58		taxable income
59	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$15 plus 2% of excess
60		over \$1,000
61	Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000	\$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess
62		over \$2,000
63	Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000	\$60 plus 3% of excess
64		over \$3,000
65	Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000	\$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess
66		over \$4,000
67	Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000	\$125 plus 4% of excess
68		over \$5,000
69	Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000	\$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess
70		over \$6,000

71	Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000	\$210 plus 5% of excess
72		over \$7,000
73	Over \$8,000 but not over \$8,400	\$260 plus 5 1/2% of excess
74		over \$8,000
75 76	Over \$8,400	\$282 plus 5 7/10% of excess over \$8,400
77	(4) For all tax years beginning on or	• •
78	ending on or before December 31, 2016, the	• • •
79	applying the tax table or the rate provided	•
80	based upon the following rates:	• 1
	If the Missouri taxable income is:	The tax is:
81		
82	Not over \$1,000.00	1 1/2% of the Missouri
83		taxable income
84	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$15 plus 2% of excess
85		over \$1,000
86	Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000	\$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess
87		over \$2,000
88	Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000	\$60 plus 3% of excess
89		over \$3,000
90	Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000	\$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess
91		over \$4,000
92	Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000	\$125 plus 4% of excess
93		over \$5,000
94	Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000	\$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess
95	. ,	over \$6,000
96	Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000	\$210 plus 5% of excess
97		over \$7,000
98	Over \$8,000 but not over \$8,100	\$260 plus 5 1/2% of excess
99		over \$8,000
100	Over \$8,100	\$266 plus 5 11/20% of excess
101	. ,	over \$8,100
102	(5) For all tax years beginning on o	·
103	ending on or before December 31, 2017, the	• • •
104	applying the tax table or the rate provided	•
105	based upon the following rates:	
106	If the Missouri taxable income is:	The tax is:
107	Not over \$1,000.00	1 1/2% of the Missouri

108		taxable income
109	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$15 plus 2% of excess
110		over \$1,000
111	Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000	\$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess
112		over \$2,000
113	Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000	\$60 plus 3% of excess
114		over $$3,000$
115	Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000	\$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess
116		over \$4,000
117	Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000	\$125 plus 4% of excess
118		over \$5,000
119	Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000	\$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess
120		over \$6,000
121	Over \$7,000 but not over \$7,900	\$210 plus 5% of excess
122		over \$7,000
123	Over \$7,900	\$255 plus 5 8/20% of excess
124		over \$7,900
125	(6) For all tax years beginning on	or after January 1, 2018, the
126	tax shall be determined by applying the ta	ax table or the rate provided
127	in section 143.021, which is based upon th	e following rates:
128	If the Missouri taxable income is:	The tax is:
129	Not over \$1,000.00	1 1/2% of the Missouri
130		taxable income
131	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$15 plus 2% of excess
132		over \$1,000
133	Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000	\$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess
134		over \$2,000
135	Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000	\$60 plus 3% of excess
136		over \$3,000
137	Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000	\$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess
138		over \$4,000
139	Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000	\$125 plus 4% of excess
140		over \$5,000
141	Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000	\$165 plus 4 1/2% of excess
142		over \$6,000
143	Over \$7,000 but not over \$7,600	\$210 plus 5% of excess
144		over \$7,000

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\$243 plus 5 1/4% of excess over \$7,600 146

147 2. If the federal Marketplace Fairness Act of 2013 or similar legislation providing for a uniform method of collection of sales and 148 use tax on purchases shipped into this state becomes federal law, the 149 director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax 150 tables of subsection 1 of this section to decrease the maximum rate of 151 152 tax by one-fourth percent.

143.021. 1. For all tax years ending on or before December 31, 2013, every resident having a taxable income of less than nine thousand dollars shall determine his tax from a tax table prescribed by the director of revenue and based upon the rates provided in section 143.011. The tax table shall be on the basis of one hundred dollar increments of taxable income below nine thousand dollars. The tax provided in the table shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar by applying the rates in section 143.011 to the taxable income at the midpoint of each increment, except there shall be no tax on a taxable income of less than one hundred dollars. Every resident having a taxable income of nine thousand dollars or more shall determine his tax from the rate provided in 11 section 143.011.

- 2. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and ending on or before December 31, 2014, every resident having a taxable income of less than eight thousand seven hundred dollars shall determine his tax from a tax table prescribed by the director of revenue and based upon the rates provided in section 143.011. The tax table shall be on the basis of one hundred dollar increments of taxable income below eight thousand seven hundred dollars. The tax provided in the table shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar by applying the rates in section 143.011 to the taxable income at the midpoint of each increment, except there shall be no tax on a taxable income of less than one hundred dollars. Every resident having a taxable income of eight thousand seven hundred dollars or more shall determine his tax from the rate provided in section 143.011.
- 3. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending on or before December 31, 2015, every resident having a taxable 26 income of less than eight thousand four hundred dollars shall determine his tax from a tax table prescribed by the director of revenue and based upon the rates provided in section 143.011. The tax

table shall be on the basis of one hundred dollar increments of taxable income below eight thousand four hundred dollars. The tax provided in the table shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar by applying the rates in section 143.011 to the taxable income at the midpoint of each increment, except there shall be no tax on a taxable income of less than one hundred dollars. Every resident having a taxable income of eight thousand four hundred dollars or more shall determine his tax from the rate provided in section 143.011.

- 4. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, and ending on or before December 31, 2016, every resident having a taxable income of less than eight thousand one hundred dollars shall determine his tax from a tax table prescribed by the director of revenue and based upon the rates provided in section 143.011. The tax table shall be on the basis of one hundred dollar increments of taxable income below eight thousand one hundred dollars. The tax provided in the table shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar by applying the rates in section 143.011 to the taxable income at the midpoint of each increment, except there shall be no tax on a taxable income of less than one hundred dollars. Every resident having a taxable income of eight thousand one hundred dollars or more shall determine his tax from the rate provided in section 143.011.
- 5. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, and ending on or before December 31, 2017, every resident having a taxable income of less than seven thousand six hundred dollars shall determine his tax from a tax table prescribed by the director of revenue and based upon the rates provided in section 143.011. The tax table shall be on the basis of one hundred dollar increments of taxable income below seven thousand six hundred dollars. The tax provided in the table shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar by applying the rates in section 143.011 to the taxable income at the midpoint of each increment, except there shall be no tax on a taxable income of less than one hundred dollars. Every resident having a taxable income of seven thousand six hundred dollars or more shall determine his tax from the rate provided in section 143.011.
 - 6. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, every resident having a taxable income of less than seven thousand three hundred dollars shall determine his tax from a tax table prescribed by

- 67 the director of revenue and based upon the rates provided in section
- 68 143.011. The tax table shall be on the basis of one hundred dollar
- 69 increments of taxable income below seven thousand three hundred
- 70 dollars. The tax provided in the table shall be the amount rounded to
- 71 the nearest whole dollar by applying the rates in section 143.011 to the
- 72 taxable income at the midpoint of each increment, except there shall be
- 73 no tax on a taxable income of less than one hundred dollars. Every
- 74 resident having a taxable income of seven thousand three hundred
- 75 dollars or more shall determine his tax from the rate provided in
- 76 section 143.011.
- 77 The department of revenue may, by rule, make adjustments to
- 78 the dollar amounts in this section based on the provisions in subsection
- 79 2 of section 143.011.
 - 143.022. 1. As used in this section, "business income" means the
 - 2 Missouri source net profit from business determined under the
 - 3 provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and partnership income as
 - 4 determined by sections 143.401 and 143.471. Business income shall not
- 5 include "compensation" as such term is defined under subsection 1 of
- 6 Article IV of section 32.200 or "guaranteed payments" as defined by the
- 7 Internal Revenue Code.
- 8 2. In addition to all other modifications allowed by law, there
- 9 shall be subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income of an
- 10 individual taxpayer, the following amounts to the extent included in
- 11 federal adjusted gross income when determining the taxpayer's
- 12 Missouri adjusted gross income:
- 13 (1) For the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2014, but
- 14 before January 1, 2015, ten percent of the amount of business income;
- 15 (2) For the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but
- 16 before January 1, 2016, twenty percent of the amount of business
- 17 income;
- 18 (3) For the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2016, but
- 19 before January 1, 2017, thirty percent of the amount of business
- 20 income;
- 21 (4) For the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but
- 22 before January 1, 2018, forty percent of the amount of business income;
- 23 (5) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, fifty
- 24 percent of the amount of business income.

- 3. In the case of a small corporation described in section 143.471 or a partnership, computing the deduction allowed under subsection 2 of this section, taxpayers described in subdivisions (1) or (2) of this subsection shall be allowed such deduction apportioned in proportion to their share of ownership of the business on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period for which such deduction is being claimed when determining the Missouri adjusted gross income of:
- 32 (1) The shareholders of a small corporation as described in 33 section 143.471;
 - (2) The partners in a partnership.
 - 143.071. 1. For all tax years beginning before September 1, 1993, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to five percent of Missouri taxable income.
- 2. For all tax years beginning on or after September 1, 1993, and ending on or before December 31, 2013, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to six and one-fourth percent of Missouri taxable income.
- 3. (1) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, but ending on or before December 31, 2014, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to six and one-tenth percent of Missouri taxable income.
- (2) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but ending on or before December 31, 2015, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to five and nineteen-twentieths percent of Missouri taxable income.
- (3) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, but ending on or before December 31, 2016, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to five and four-fifths percent of Missouri taxable income.
- 20 (4) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but 21 ending on or before December 31, 2017, a tax is hereby imposed upon 22 the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to five 23 and thirteen-twentieths percent of Missouri taxable income.
- 25 is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in 26 an amount equal to five and one-half percent of Missouri taxable income.

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- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary, the first twenty-five thousand dollars of corporate income shall be exempt from taxation.
 - 5. If the federal Marketplace Fairness Act of 2013 or similar legislation providing for a uniform method of collection of sales and use tax on purchases shipped into this state becomes federal law, the director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax rates of this section to decrease the rate of tax by one-fourth percent.

143.151. For all taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999, a resident shall be allowed a deduction of one thousand two hundred dollars for himself or herself and one thousand two hundred dollars for his or her spouse if he or she is entitled to a deduction for such personal exemptions for federal income tax purposes. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a resident shall be allowed a deduction of two thousand one hundred dollars for himself or herself and two thousand one hundred dollars for his or her spouse if he or she is entitled to a deduction for such personal exemptions for federal income tax purposes. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, a resident with a Missouri adjusted gross income of less than twenty thousand dollars shall be allowed an additional deduction of 11 two thousand dollars for himself or herself and an additional two 12thousand dollars for his or her spouse if he or she is entitled to a deduction for such personal exemptions for federal income tax 14 purposes and his or her spouse's Missouri adjusted gross income is less 15 than twenty thousand dollars. 16

144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in 2 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to 3 them in this section, except when the context indicates a different meaning:

- 4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and 5 other similar accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for 6 admission, exclusive of any admission tax imposed by the federal government or 7 by sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- 8 (2) "Advertising and promotional direct mail", printed material 9 that meets the definition of direct mail, the primary purpose of which 10 is to attract public attention to a product, person, business, or 11 organization, or to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure financial 12 support for a product, person, business, or organization. As used in

- this subdivision, the word "product" means tangible personal property,
 a product transferred electronically or a service;
- 15 (3) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as 16 amended from time to time;
- 17 (4) "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service", a radio service, as 18 that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are 19 authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service for 20 hire to subscribers in aircraft;
- 21 (5) "Alcoholic beverages", beverages that are suitable for human 22 consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by 23 volume;
- (6) "Ancillary services", services that are associated with or incidental to the provisions of telecommunications services, including but not limited to, detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services. Ancillary services shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;
- 30 (7) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash 31 compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air 32 conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and freezers;
 - (8) "Bottled water", water that is placed in a safety sealed container or package for human consumption. Bottled water is calorie free and does not contain sweeteners or other additives except that it may contain:
- 37 (a) Antimicrobial agents;
- 38 **(b)** Fluoride;

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- 39 (c) Carbonation;
- 40 (d) Vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes;
- 41 (e) Oxygen;
- 42 **(f)** Preservatives; and
- 43 (g) Only those flavors, extracts, or essences derived from a spice 44 or fruit.
- 45 Bottled water includes water that is delivered to the buyer in a 46 reusable container that is not sold with the water;
- 47 (9) "Bundled transaction":
- 48 (a) The retail sale of two or more products, except real property 49 and services to real property, where the products are otherwise distinct

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- 50 and identifiable, and the products are sold for one nonitemized price.
- A bundled transaction shall not include the sale of any products in 51
- which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by 52
- 53 the purchaser of the products included in the transaction;
- (b) As used in this subdivision, the term "distinct and identifiable 54 products" shall not include: 55
- 56 a. Packaging, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles, or other materials, such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction 57 guides, that accompany the retail sale of the products and are 58 incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof; 59
- b. A product provided free of charge with the required purchase of another product. A product is provided free of charge if the sales 61 price of the product purchased does not vary depending on the inclusion of the product provided free of charge;
 - c. Items included in the definition of the term sales price;
- 65 (c) As used in this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" shall not include a price that is separately identified by product on 66 binding sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made 67 available to the customer in paper or electronic form, including but not 68 69 limited to an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement, 70 lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or 71price list;
- 72 (d) a. A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a 73 bundled transaction as defined in this subdivision shall not constitute 74 a bundled transaction if it is:
- (i) A retail sale of tangible personal property and a service where the tangible personal property is essential to the use of the 76 service, and is provided exclusively in connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service; or
 - (ii) A retail sale of services where one service is provided that is essential to the use of receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service; or
- (iii) A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable 83 products and the sales price of the taxable products is de minimis. 84
- b. "De minimis" means the sales price of the taxable product is 85 ten percent or less of the total sales price of the bundled products. 86

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- c. Sellers shall use the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de minimis.
- d. (i) Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to determine if the taxable products are de minimis; or
- 91 (ii) A retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and 92 taxable tangible personal property where:
- 93 i. The transaction included food and food ingredients, drugs, 94 durable medical equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, 95 over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices, or medical supplies; and
 - ii. The seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal property is fifty percent or less of the total sales price of the bundled tangible personal property. Sellers shall not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the tangible personal property when making the fifty percent determination for a transaction;
- 102 (10) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused 103 to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either 104 direct or indirect, and the classification of which business is of such character as 105 to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The isolated or 106 occasional sale of tangible personal property, service, substance, or thing, by a 107 person not engaged in such business, does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of sections 144.010 to 144.525 unless the total amount of the 108 gross receipts from such sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible 109 110 personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds 111 112 three thousand dollars in any calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of property which is exempt from sales 113 tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to that tax thereafter; 114
- [(3)] (11) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first;
- 118 (12) "Call-by-call basis", any method of charging for 119 telecommunications services where the price is measured by individual 120 calls;
- 121 (13) "Candy", a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or 122 artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or

- other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. Candy shall not include any preparation containing flour and shall require no refrigeration;
- (14) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge, northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer, captive elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation for hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales tax on a harvested animal;
- 131 (15) "Certified automated system" or "CAS", software certified 132 under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to calculate the tax 133 imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount 134 of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the 135 transaction;
- 136 (16) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified 137 under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to perform all the 138 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to 139 remit tax on its own purchases;
- 140 (17) "Clothing":
- (a) All human wearing apparel suitable for general use;
- (b) Clothing shall include:
- a. Aprons, household and shop;
- b. Athletic supporters;
- c. Baby receiving blankets;
- d. Bathing suits and caps;
- e. Beach capes and coats;
- 148 f. Belts and suspenders;
- 149 **g. Boots**;
- 150 h. Coats and jackets;
- i. Costumes;
- j. Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
- k. Ear muffs;
- 154 l. Footlets;
- m. Formal wear;
- 156 n. Garters and garter belts;
- o. Girdles;
- p. Gloves and mittens for general use;
- 159 q. Hats and caps;

- 160 r. Hosiery;
- s. Insoles for shoes;
- t. Lab coats;
- u. Neckties;
- v. Overshoes;
- w. Pantyhose;
- 166 x. Rainwear;
- y. Rubber pants;
- 168 z. Sandals;
- aa. Scarves:
- bb. Shoes and shoe laces;
- 171 cc. Slippers;
- dd. Sneakers;
- ee. Socks and stockings;
- 174 ff. Steel toed shoes;
- 175 gg. Underwear;
- 176 hh. Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and
- ii. Wedding apparel;
- 178 (c) Clothing shall not include:
- a. Belt buckles sold separately;
- b. Costume masks sold separately;
- c. Patches and emblems sold separately;
- d. Sewing equipment and supplies, including but not limited to,
- 183 knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing
- 184 needles, tape measures, and thimbles; and
- e. Sewing materials that become part of clothing, including but
- 186 not limited to buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;
- 187 (18) "Clothing accessories and equipment", incidental items worn
- 188 on the person or in conjunction with clothing. Clothing accessories or
- 189 equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, sport or recreational
- 190 equipment, and protective equipment;
- 191 (19) "Coin-operated telephone service", a telecommunications
- 192 service paid for by inserting money into a telephone accepting direct
- 193 deposits of money to operate;
- 194 (20) "Communications channel", a physical or virtual path of
- 195 communications over which signals are transmitted between or among
- 196 customer channel termination points;

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- 197 (21) "Computer", an electronic device that accepts information in 198 digital or similar form and manipulates it for a result based on a 199 sequence of instructions;
- 200 (22) "Computer software", a set of coded instructions designed to 201 cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment to perform 202 a task. Computer software shall not include specified digital products, 203 digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;
- 204 (23) "Conference bridging service", an ancillary service that links 205 two or more participants of an audio or video conference call and may 206 include the provision of a telephone number. Conference bridging 207 service does not include the telecommunications services used to reach 208 the conference bridge;
- 209 (24) "Customer channel termination point", the location where 210 the telecommunications customer either inputs or receives the 211 communication;
- 212 (25) "Delivered electronically", delivered to the purchaser by 213 means other than tangible storage media;
- 214 (26) "Delivery charges", charges by the seller of personal 215 property or services for preparation and delivery to a location 216 designated by the purchaser of personal property or services, including 217 but not limited to transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, 218 and packing;
 - (27) "Detailed telecommunications billing service", an ancillary service of separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a telecommunications customer's billing statement;
- 222 (28) "Dietary supplement", any product, other than tobacco, 223intended to supplement the diet that contains one or more of the 224 following dietary ingredients: a vitamin; a mineral; an herb or other botanical; an amino acid; a dietary substance for use by humans to 225226 supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any 227228ingredient described above; and that is intended for ingestion in tablet, 229capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for 230ingestion in such a form, is not represented as a conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and 231232that is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the supplemental facts box found on the label and as required under 21 233

- 234 CFR Section 101.36;
- 235 (29) "Digital audio works", works that result from the fixation of 236 a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including ringtones;
- 237 (30) "Digital audio-visual works", a series of related images 238 which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion, 239 together with accompanying sounds, if any;
- 240 (31) "Digital books", works that are generally recognized in the 241 ordinary and usual sense as books;
- 242 (32) "Direct mail", printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to 243 244 addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed 245 246 directly to the recipients. Direct mail shall include tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct 247mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed 248 249 material. Direct mail shall not include multiple items of printed 250 material delivered to a single address;
- 251 (33) "Directory assistance", an ancillary service of providing 252 telephone number information, or address information;
- 253 **(34) "Drug":**

- 254 (a) A compound, substance, or preparation, and any component 255 of a compound, substance, or preparation, other than food and food 256 ingredients, dietary supplements, alcoholic beverages, or grooming and 257 hygiene products:
- a. Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, and supplement to any of them;
- b. Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease; or
 - c. Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body;
- 264 (b) Drug shall include insulin and medical oxygen;
- 265 (35) "Durable medical equipment", equipment including repair 266 and replacement parts for same, excluding mobility enhancing 267 equipment. Durable medical equipment:
- 268 (a) Can withstand repeated use;
- 269 (b) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
- (c) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness

- 271 or injury;
- 272 (d) Is not worn in or on the body;
- 273 (e) Is for home use;
- 274 (f) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO
- 275 HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;
- 276 (g) Shall not include:
- a. Kidney dialysis equipment not worn in or on the body,
- 278 including repair and replacement parts; and
- b. Enteral feeding systems not worn in or on the body, including
- 280 repair and replacement parts.
- 281 As used in this subdivision, repair and replacement parts shall include
- 282 all components or attachments used in conjunction with the durable
- 283 medical equipment;
- 284 (36) "Electronic", relating to technology having electrical, digital,
- 285 magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities;
- 286 (37) "End user", the person who utilizes the telecommunication
- 287 service. In case of an entity, "end user" means the individual who
- 288 utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;
- 289 (38) "Energy star qualified product", a product that meets the
- 290 energy efficient guidelines set by the United States Environmental
- 291 Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy that are
- 292 authorized to carry the Energy Star label. Covered products are those
- 293 listed at www.energystar.gov or successor address;
- 294 (39) "Engages in business activities within this state", includes:
- 295 (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating
- 296 under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee
- 297 is required to collect sales tax under sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- 298 (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling
- 299 representatives;
- 300 (c) A vendor is presumed to "engage in business activities within
- 301 this state" if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its
- 302 capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
- a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so
- 304 under the same or a similar business name;
- b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or
- 306 storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the
- 307 delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's

308 customers:

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- 309 c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services 310 for the vendor's customers within the state;
- 311 d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in 312 the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold 313 by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the 314 315 state; or
- 316 e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market 317 318 in the state for the sales:
 - (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales:
- 323 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed 324 to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which 325326 the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet 327 website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to 328 329 the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor 330 to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess 332 of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;
 - (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;
- 343 (40) "Food and food ingredients", substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for 344

- ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. Food and food ingredients shall not include alcoholic beverages, tobacco, or dietary supplements;
- 348 (41) "Food sold through vending machines", food dispensed from 349 a machine or other mechanical device that accepts payment;
- 350 (42) "Grooming and hygiene products", soaps and cleaning 351 solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and 352 suntan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the items meet the 353 definition of over-the-counter-drugs;
 - [(4)] (43) "Gross receipts"[,] or "sales price":
- 355 (a) Except as provided in section 144.012, [means the total amount of the sale price of the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident 356 to the extension of credit that are a part of such sales made by the businesses 357herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money 358 359or otherwise; except that, the term "gross receipts" shall not include the sale price 360 of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 361 362to 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall 363 be specifically exempted. For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount 364 received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right 365 366 to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be 367 368 taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable 369 as if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax 370 shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon the rentals paid; applies to the measure subject to sales tax and means the total amount of 371372consideration, including cash, credit, property, and services, for which 373 personal property or services are sold, leased, or rented, valued in 374 money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any deduction 375 for the following:
 - a. The seller's cost of the property sold;
- b. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the seller;
- c. Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete

- 381 the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;
- d. Delivery charges; and
- 383 e. Credit for any trade-in;
- 384 (b) Shall not include:
- a. Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller and taken by a purchaser on a sale;
- b. Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of personal property or services, if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar document given to the purchaser; and
- 392 c. Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are 393 separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar document given 394 to the purchaser;
- 395 (c) Shall include consideration received by the seller from third 396 parties if:
- a. The seller actually receives consideration from a party other than the purchaser and the consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;
- b. The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the purchaser;
- 402 c. The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is 403 fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the item 404 to the purchaser; and
 - d. One of the following criteria is met:
- 406 (i) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate or other 407 documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount 408 where the coupon, certificate or documentation is authorized, 409 distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that 410 the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, 411 certificate or documentation is presented;
- 412 (ii) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a 413 member of a group or organization entitled to a price reduction or 414 discount (a preferred customer card that is available to any patron 415 does not constitute membership in such a group); or
- 416 (iii) The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party 417 price reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser

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- 418 or on a coupon, certificate or other documentation presented by the 419 purchaser;
- 420 (44) "Home service provider", the same as such term is defined 421 in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile Telecommunications 422 Sourcing Act;
- 423 (45) "Lease or rental":
- 424 (a) Any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal 425 property for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease 426 or rental may include future options to purchase or extend;
 - (b) Lease or rental shall not include:
- a. A transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;
- b. A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments and where any payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of one hundred dollars or one percent of the total required payments;
- c. Providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time provided that the operator is necessary for the equipment to perform as designed and the operator does more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property;
 - (c) Lease or rental includes agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 7701(h)(1), as amended;
- 445 (46) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four 446 persons, with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which 447 is primarily used for recreational flying or flight training;
- 448 (47) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured light aircraft parts 449 and components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, 450 brakes, and air frame parts which make up a complete aircraft kit or 451 partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then 452 operated by a qualified light aircraft purchaser for recreational and 453 educational purposes;
- 454 (48) "Light aircraft parts and components", manufactured light

- aircraft parts, including air frame and engine parts, that are required
 by the qualified light aircraft purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit,
- 457 or spare or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;
- [(5)] (49) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, or rabbits raised in
- 462 confinement for human consumption;
- [(6)] (50) "Load and leave", delivery to the purchaser by use of a tangible storage media where the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser;
- 466 (51) "Maintains a place of business in this state", includes
 467 maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly
 468 or indirectly, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution,
 469 sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other
 470 place of business in this state, whether owned or operated by the
 471 vendor or by any other person other than a common carrier acting in
 472 its capacity as such;
- 473 (52) "Mobile telecommunications service", the same as such term 474 is defined in Section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile 475 Telecommunications Sourcing Act;
- 476 (53) "Mobility enhancing equipment", equipment, including repair 477 and replacement parts to same, which:
- 478 (a) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the 479 ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate for 480 use either in a home or a motor vehicle; and
 - (b) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and
- 482 (c) Is within the classification of devices eligible for Mo 483 HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement.
- Mobility enhancement equipment shall not include durable medical equipment or any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer;
- 487 (54) "Model 1 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that 488 has selected a certified service provider as its agent to perform all the 489 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to 490 remit tax on its own purchases;
- 491 (55) "Model 2 seller", a seller that has selected a certified

- 492 automated system (CAS) to perform part of its sales and use tax 493 functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the tax;
- 494 (56) "Model 3 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue 495 496 of at least five hundred million dollars, has a proprietary system that 497 calculates the amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax 498 performance standard for the seller. As used in this subdivision, a 499 500 seller shall include an affiliated group of sellers using the same 501 proprietary system;
- (57) "Model 4 seller", a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a Model 1 Seller, a Model 2 Seller or a Model 3 503 504 Seller;
- 505 (58) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing 506 507 company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit may 508 509 avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as 510 hereinafter provided:
- 511 [(7)] (59) "Other direct mail", any direct mail that is not advertising and promotional direct mail regardless of whether 512advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the same 513 mailing. Other direct mail includes, but is not limited to: 514
- 515 (a) Transactional direct mail that contains personal information 516 specific to the one addressee including, but not limited to, invoices, 517 bills, statements of account, and payroll advices;
- 518 (b) Any legally required mailings including, but not limited to, 519 privacy notices, tax reports, and stockholder reports; and
- 520 (c) Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or 521 former shareholders, customers, employees, or agents including, but not 522 limited to, newsletters and informational pieces.
- Other direct mail shall not include the development of billing 523524 information or the provision or any data processing service that is more than incidental; 525
- 526 (60) "Over-the-counter-drug", a drug, excluding grooming and hygiene products, that contains a label that identifies the product as a 527 drug as required by 21 CFR Section 201.66 and includes: 528

- (a) A drug facts panel; or
- 530 (b) A statement of the active ingredients with a list of those 531 ingredients contained in the compound, substance, or preparation;
- (61) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, [except the state transportation department,] estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, or any other legal entity;
 - [(8)] (62) "Place of primary use", the street address representative of where the telecommunications customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the telecommunications customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications services, place of primary use shall be within the licensed service area of the home service provider;
 - (63) "Post-paid calling service", the telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to a telephone number which is not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service;
 - (64) "Prepaid calling service", the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount;
- 561 (65) "Prepaid wireless calling service", a telecommunications 562 service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless services as 563 well as other nontelecommunications services, including the download 564 of digital products delivered electronically, content and ancillary 565 services, which must be paid for in advance and that is sold in

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566 predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use 567 in a known amount;

- (66) "Prepared food", food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item; or food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A plate shall not include a container or packaging used to transport the food. Prepared food shall not include food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses;
- (67) "Prescription", an order, formula, or recipe issued in any form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of the state;
- (68) "Prewritten computer software", computer software, including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the combination to bе other than prewritten computer software. Prewritten computer software shall include software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than the specific purchaser. Where a person modifies or enhances computer software of which the person is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed to be the author or creator only of such person's modifications or enhancements. Prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where such modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains prewritten computer software; provided, however, that where there is a reasonable, separately stated charge or an invoice or other statement of the price given to the purchaser for such modification or enhancement, such modification or enhancement shall not constitute prewritten computer software;

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- 603 (69) "Private communication service", a telecommunications 604 service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a 605 communications channel or group of channels between or among 606 termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or 607 channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension 608 lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in 609 connection with the use of such channel or channels;
 - (70) "Product-based exemption", an exemption based on the description of the product and not based on who purchases the product or how the purchaser intends to use the product;
 - (71) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption", tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent to these taxes, in this state or any other state;
 - (72) "Prosthetic device", a replacement, corrective, or supportive device including repair and replacement parts for same worn on or in the body to artificially replace a missing portion of the body, prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction, or support a weak or deformed portion of the body. The term "prosthetic device" shall not include corrective eyeglasses or contact lenses and shall be limited to the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;
 - (73) "Protective equipment", items for human wear and designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as protections against damage or injury of other persons or property but not suitable for general use. Protective equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and sport or recreational equipment;
 - (74) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;
- 634 (75) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax 635 and has the same meaning as sales price;
- (76) "Purchaser" [means], a person [who purchases tangible] to whom a sale of personal property is made or to whom [are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable under sections 144.010 to 144.525] a service is furnished;

- [(9)] (77) "Qualified light aircraft purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components who is a nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state;
 - (78) "Receive" or "receipt", taking possession of tangible personal property; making first use of services; or taking possession or making first use of digital goods, whichever comes first. Receive and receipt shall not include possession by a shipping company on behalf of the purchaser;
 - (79) "Registered under the agreement", registration by a seller with the member states under the central registration system provided in Article IV of the agreement;
 - (80) "Research or experimentation activities" are the development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the improvement of existing property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects;
 - [(10) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- (11)] (81) "Sale at retail" [means any transfer made by any person engaged in business as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for use or consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that,

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676 for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) 677 purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, 678 dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their 679 professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for 680 resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm 681 or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable 682 the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained 683 in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and 684 computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service and not as the sale of tangible personal property] or "retail sale", any sale, 685 lease, or rental for any purpose other than for resale, sublease, or 686 687 subrent. Purchases of tangible personal property made by duly 688 licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists, and veterinarians and used 689 in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for 690 use or consumption and not for resale. Where necessary to conform to the 691 context of sections 144,010 to 144,525 and the tax imposed thereby, the term "sale 692 at retail" shall be construed to embrace:

- (a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events;
- (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;
 - (d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;
- (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;
- (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

(82) "School art supply":

- 712 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study for
- 713 artwork. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school supply,
- 714 school instructional material, and school computer supply;
- 715 **(b)** The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 716 a. Clay and glazes;
- 717 b. Paints, acrylic, tempora, and oil;
- 718 c. Paintbrushes for artwork;
- 719 d. Sketch and drawing pads; and
- 720 e. Watercolors;
- 721 (83) "School computer supply":
- (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study in
- 723 which a computer is used. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms
- 724 school supply, school art supply, and school instructional material.
- 725 **(b)** The following is an all-inclusive list:
- a. Computer storage media, diskettes, compact disks;
- b. Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that are cellular phones;
- 729 c. Personal digital assistants, except devices that are cellular
- 730 phones; and
- d. Computer printers and printer supplies for computers, printer
- 732 paper, and printer ink;
- 733 (84) "School instructional material":
- (a) Written material commonly used by a student in a course of
- 735 study as a reference and to learn the subject being taught. The term is
- 736 mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, school art supply, and
- 737 school computer supply;
- 738 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 739 a. Reference books;
- 740 b. Reference maps and globes;
- 741 c. Textbooks; and
- 742 d. Workbooks;
- 743 **(85)** "School supply":
- 744 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of
- 745 study. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school art supply,
- 746 school instructional material, and school computer supply;
- 747 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
- 748 a. Binders;

SS#2 SCS SBs 26, 11 & 31 129 749 b. Book bags; 750 c. Calculators; 751 d. Cellophane tape; 752 e. Blackboard chalk; 753 f. Compasses; g. Composition books; 754 h. Crayons; 755 756 i. Erasers; 757 j. Folders, expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila; 758 k. Glue, paste, and paste sticks; l. Highlighters; 759 760 m. Index cards; n. Index card boxes; 761 762 o. Legal pads; 763 p. Lunch boxes: 764 q. Markers: 765 r. Notebooks: 766 s. Paper, loose leaf notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper, 767 tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and 768 construction paper; 769 t. Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes; 770 u. Pencil sharpeners; 771 v. Pencils; 772 w. Pens: 773 x. Protractors: 774 y. Rulers; 775 z. Scissors; and 776 aa. Writing tablets; 777 [(12)] (86) "Seller" means a person [selling or furnishing tangible] making sales, leases, or rentals of personal property or [rendering services, 778 779 on the receipts from which a tax is imposed pursuant to section 144.020] service; 780 (87) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a 781 principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of

revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed

under this chapter and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is

to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;

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- 786 (88) "Service address":
- 787 (a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which 788 a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or 789 terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;
- (b) If the location in paragraph (a) of this subdivision is not known, "service address" means the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications services first identified by either the seller's telecommunications system or in information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;
 - (c) If the location in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision are not known, the service address shall be the location of the customer's place of primary use;
- 799 (89) "Specified digital products", electronically transferred 800 digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, and digital books;
- (90) "Sport or recreational equipment", items designed for human use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity that are not suitable for general use. Sport or recreational equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and protective equipment;
- 806 (91) "State", any state of the United States, the District of 807 Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
- 808 (92) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible 809 personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale 810 or property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for 811 subsequent use outside the state;
 - (93) "Tangible personal property", personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal property shall include electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software. Tangible personal property shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;
- [(13) The noun] (94) "Tax" [means], either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may

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- 824 (95) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should 825 remit the tax levied by this chapter;
- 826 (96) "Telecommunications customer", the person or entity that 827 contracts with the seller of telecommunications services. If the end 828 user of telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the 829 end user of the telecommunications service is the telecommunications customer of the telecommunication service, but this definition only 830 applies to the purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services 831 under section 144.043. Telecommunications customer shall not include 832 833 reseller of telecommunications service \mathbf{or} telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement to 834 serve the telecommunications customer outside the home service 835 836 provider's licensed service area;
 - (97) "Telecommunications nonrecurring charges", an amount billed for the installation, connection, change or initiation of telecommunications service received by the customer;
- 840 [(14)] (98) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, 841 842 electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, 843 "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form of 844 writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any symbols. Telecommunications service does not include the following if such 845 services are separately stated on the customer's bill or on records of the seller 846 847 maintained in the ordinary course of business:
- 848 (a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or 849 electronic publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications 850 service used to provide such access;
 - (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;
 - (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile radio services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or enhanced specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or
 - (d) Cable or satellite television or music services; and
- 856 (15) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or 857 consumption" means tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to 858 state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent

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- 859 thereto, in this state or any other state.]:
- 860 (a) The electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, 861 data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or 862 between or among points;
- (b) Telecommunications service shall include such transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol services or is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added;
 - (c) Telecommunications service shall include air-to-ground radiotelephone service, mobile telecommunications service, post-paid calling service, prepaid calling service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication service;
- (d) Telecommunications service shall not include:
- a. Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data or information;
- b. Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a self-state customer's premises;
- c. Tangible personal property;
 - d. Advertising, including but not limited to directory advertising;
- e. Billing and collection services provided to third parties;
- 885 f. Internet access service;
- g. Radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services shall include but not be limited to cable service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(6), as amended, and audio and video programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in
- 893 47 CFR 20.3;
- h. Ancillary services; or
- i. Digital products delivered electronically, including, but not

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- 896 limited to, software, music, video, reading materials, or ring tones;
 - (99) "Transportation equipment", any of the following:
- 898 (a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the carriage of 899 persons or property in interstate commerce;
- 900 (b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle weight rating 901 (GVWR) of ten thousand one pounds or greater, trailers, semi-trailers, 902 or passenger buses that are:
 - a. Registered through the International Registration Plan; and
- b. Operated under authority of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
 - (c) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal or a foreign authority to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce;
- 912 (d) Containers designed for use on and component parts attached 913 or secured on the items set forth in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this 914 subdivision;
- 915 (100) "Tobacco", cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or 916 any other item that contains tobacco;
 - (101) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;
- 922 (102) "Use-based exemption", an exemption based on a specified 923 use of the product by the purchaser;
- (103) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible 924 925 personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling 926 tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of 927 tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this 928 state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, 929 930 consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they 931 operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this 932

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933 state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business 934 activities within this state and every person who engages in this state 935 in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are 936 937 making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, 938 distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they 939 shall be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, 940 supervisors, principals or employers shall be regarded as vendors for 941 the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.

- 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525, and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term "manufactured homes" shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010.
- 946 3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales 947 Tax Law".

144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, beginning October 1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.746 on all retail sales of food and food ingredients shall be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from the one percent rate pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the state treasurer in the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided in section 144.701.

8 2. [For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only 9 those products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food Stamp Program as contained in 10 11 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. For the purpose of this section, Except for food sold through vending [machine 13 14 sales, the term "food" machines, subsection 1 of this section shall not [include] apply to food or drink sold by any establishment where the gross 15 receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes 17 more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, 18 19 regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that 20 establishment, including, but not limited to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or café.

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- 144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:
- 5 (1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, 6 including but not limited to motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, 7 motortricycles, boats and outboard motors, a tax equivalent to four percent of the 8 purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of 9 property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, 10 including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place 11 of the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025;
- 12 (2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and 13 seating accommodations[, or fees paid to,] or in any place of amusement, 14 entertainment [or recreation], games and athletic events;
- 15 (3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on 16 all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to 17 domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- 18 (4) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on 19 sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of 20 21telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations and upon the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services 2223 pertaining or incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by 24telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section 144.060, and any 25 amounts paid for access to the internet or interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts paid for telecommunications services; 26
 - (5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged for all sales of services for transmission of messages of telegraph companies;
- 29 (6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales or charges for 30 all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, 31 restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or 32 other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;
 - (7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic

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37 development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

- 38 (8) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for rental or lease of tangible personal property, provided that if the lessor or renter 39 of any tangible personal property had previously purchased the property under 40 the conditions of "sale at retail" or leased or rented the property and the tax was 41 paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the lessor, sublessor, renter or 42 subrenter shall not apply or collect the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, 43 rental or subrental receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of 44 motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard 45 46 motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as provided in this section and section 47 144.070. In no event shall the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be 48 considered a sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, entertainment 49 or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and 50 leased boats or outboard motors shall be taxed under the provisions of the sales 51 tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and trailers. Tangible 52 53 personal property which is exempt from the sales or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale thereof is likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the 54 lease or rental thereof. 55
 - 2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax.".
- 3. The provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section notwithstanding, the rate of tax imposed under this section shall be as 61 follows:
 - (1) For the 2014 calendar year, four and one-tenth percent;
- 63 (2) For the 2015 calendar year, four and one-fifth percent;
 - (3) For the 2016 calendar year, four and three-tenth percent;
- 65 (4) For the 2017 calendar year, four and two-fifth percent; and
- (5) For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2018,four and one-half percent.

144.021. **1.** The purpose and intent of sections 144.010 to 144.510 is to 2 impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in the business, in this state, of 3 selling tangible personal property and those services listed in section 4 144.020. The primary tax burden is placed upon the seller making the taxable sales of property or service and is levied at the rate provided for in section

- 6 144.020. Excluding sections 144.070, 144.440 and 144.450, the extent to which
- 7 a seller is required to collect the tax from the purchaser of the taxable property
- 8 or service is governed by section 144.285 and in no way affects sections 144.080
- 9 and 144.100, which require all sellers to report to the director of revenue their
- 10 "gross receipts", defined herein to mean the aggregate amount of the sales price
- 11 of all sales at retail, and remit tax at four percent of their gross receipts.
- 2. The provisions of subsections 1 of this section notwithstanding, the rate of tax imposed under this section shall be as follows:
- 15 (1) For the 2014 calendar year, four and one-tenth percent;
- 16 (2) For the 2015 calendar year, four and one-fifth percent;
- 17 (3) For the 2016 calendar year, four and three-tenth percent;
- 18 (4) For the 2017 calendar year, four and two-fifth percent; and
- 19 (5) For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, 20 four and one-half percent.
 - 144.022. 1. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any of the following: telecommunication service, ancillary service, internet access, or audio or video programming service:
 - (1) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are nontaxable, the portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products may be subject to tax unless the provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards such portion from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes, including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;
- 10 (2) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax at different tax rates, the total price shall be treated as attributable to the products subject to tax at the highest tax rate unless the provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion of the price attributable to the products subject to tax at the lower rate from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes, including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;
- 17 (3) The provisions of this section shall apply unless otherwise 18 provided by federal law.
- 2. In the case of a transaction that includes an optional computer software maintenance contract for prewritten computer software, the following provisions apply:
 - (1) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only

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23 obligates the vendor to provide upgrades and updates, it shall be 24 characterized as a sale of prewritten computer software;

- 25 (2) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only obligates the vendor to provide support services, it shall be 26 27 characterized as a sale of services and not a sale of tangible personal 28 property;
- 29 (3) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a 30 bundled transaction in which both taxable and nontaxable or exempt products that are not separately itemized on the invoice or similar billing document, the purchase price under the contract shall be 33 taxable.
- 144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state. 9
 - 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the 16 sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, 18 steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to 19 be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer 20 which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested 22will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions 23of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310) which are 24to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or

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orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

- 29 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used 30 in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting 31 32 from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 33 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and 34 manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and 35 36 firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by 37 blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, 38 component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately 39 for final use or consumption;
 - (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;
- 44 (4) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal 45 46 course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered 47 weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use 48 directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such 49 50 vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020; 51
- 52 (5) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement 53 machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, 54 fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for 55 final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and 56 supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 57 58 machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or 59 expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a 60 61 facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a useable

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- product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall 63 include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of 64 recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the 65terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to 66 section 301.010. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a 67 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material 68 69 recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section 70 regardless of ownership of the material being recovered;
 - (6) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
 - (7) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
- 80 (8) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive wildlife; 81
- 82 (9) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies 83 84 used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general 85 public;
- 86 (10) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for public commercial display;
- 88 (11) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered 89 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
- 90 (12) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in 91 interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in 92 93 section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;
- 94 (13) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, 95 compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the 96 actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection, in facilities 97

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98 owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used 99 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, 100 exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in 101 such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as 102 defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw 103 materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, 104 105 "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon 106 materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 107 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at 108 the production facility;

- (14) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;
- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
- (16) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
 - (17) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
- (18) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation;
- (19) All sales of [insulin and prosthetic or orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 132 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed

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pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to 134 135 administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such 136 samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment 137and accessories, hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales or 138 rental of manual and powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, 139 electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a 140 person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function 141 142 more independently, all sales or rental of scooters, reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative 143 144 communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit 145 the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of 146 over-the-counter [or nonprescription] drugs to individuals with disabilities, all sales of durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and mobility 147 148 enhancing equipment, and [drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to meet the all sales of over-the-counter [drug product labeling 149 150 requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, drugs as prescribed by a health 151 care practitioner licensed to prescribe;

- (20) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (21) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (20) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;
- 167 (22) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational 168 associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and 169 improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of

animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are
exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code
and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair
conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and
operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;

- 175 (23) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary 176 school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to 177 livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used 178 in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales 179 180 of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying 181 agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of 182 fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation 183 184 processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight 185 186 charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed 187 additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for 188 livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used 189 in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, 190 surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of 191 192 pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As 193 used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new 194 or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment 195 and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for 196 agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and 197 directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, 198 199 pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, 200 including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel 201 therefor which is:
 - (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

- 203 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 204 products; and
- 205 (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in

processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

- (24) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil] piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller for domestic use [and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use]:
- (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service,] piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of [services or property] electricity, piped natural or

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242 artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller and who uses any 243 portion of the [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial 244 gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller so purchased for domestic use, 245 and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential 246 apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service 247 for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility 248 service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the 249 fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit 250 or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make 251 refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person 252 making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or 253 condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such 254 credit or refund;

- (25) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- (26) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 4061, 4071, 4081, [4091,] 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
 - (27) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;
 - (28) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
- 272 (29) Computers, computer software and computer security systems 273 purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this 274 state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means 275 the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities 276 operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
 - (30) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing,

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- producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 280 (31) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the 281 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- 282 (32) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, 283 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 284 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing 285 plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection;
- 286 (33) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;
- 289 (34) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or 290 consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of 291 agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription 292 pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
- 293 (35) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- 294 (36) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of 295 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial 296 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 297 to 273.357;
 - (37) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

- 314 (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those 315 entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the 316 provisions of section 144.062; or
 - (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
 - (38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;
- (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event:
 - (40) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team;
 - (41) Beginning January 1, 2009, but not after January 1, 2015, materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;
 - (42) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;
 - (43) All sales of new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, light aircraft parts or components manufactured or substantially completed within this state, when such new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, light aircraft parts or components are sold by the manufacturer to a qualified purchaser. The director of revenue shall prescribe the

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manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components to establish that such person is a qualified purchaser and is eligible for the exemption established in this section;

(44) All sales of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions.

144.032. The provisions of section 144.030 the to contrary notwithstanding, any city imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.570, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 67.500 to 67.729, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under the provisions of section 205.205 may by ordinance impose a sales tax upon all sales of [metered water services,] electricity, [electrical current and natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller for domestic use only. Such tax shall be administered by the department of revenue and assessed by the retailer in the same manner as any other city, county, or hospital district 11 sales tax. Domestic use shall be determined in the same manner as the 12 determination of domestic use for exemption of such sales from the state sales tax 13 under the provisions of section 144.030.

- 144.040. 1. (1) All retail sales in Missouri, excluding leases and rentals, of tangible personal property or digital goods shall be sourced to the location where the order is received by the seller.
- 4 (2) This subsection shall apply only if:
- 5 (a) The location where receipt of the product by the purchaser 6 occurs is inside this state as determined in accordance with subsection 7 2 of this section; and
- 8 (b) At the time the order is received, the recordkeeping system 9 of the seller used to calculate the proper amount of sales or use tax to 10 be imposed captures the location where the order is received.
- 11 (3) When the sale is sourced under this section to the location 12 where the order is received by the seller, only the sales tax for the 13 location where the order is received by the seller may be levied. No

additional sales or use tax based on the location where the product is delivered to the purchaser may be levied on that sale. The purchaser shall not be entitled to any refund if the combined state and local rate or rates at the location where the product is received by the purchaser is lower than the rate where the order is received by the seller.

- (4) A purchaser shall have no additional liability to the state for tax, penalty or interest on a sale for which the purchaser remits tax to the seller in the amount invoiced by the seller if such invoice amount is calculated at either the rate applicable to the location where receipt by the purchaser occurs or at the rate applicable to the location where the order is received by the seller. A purchaser may rely on a written representation by the seller as to the location where the order for such sale was received by the seller. When the purchaser does not have a written representation by the seller as to the location where the order for such sale was received by the seller, the purchaser may use a location indicated by a business address for the seller that is available from the business records of the purchaser that are maintained in the ordinary course of the purchaser's business to determine the rate applicable to the location where the order was received.
- (5) The location where the order is received by or on behalf of the seller means the physical location of a seller or third party such as an established outlet, office location or automated order receipt system operated by or on behalf of the seller where an order is initially received by or on behalf of the seller and not where the order may be subsequently accepted, completed or fulfilled. An order is received when all of the information from the purchaser necessary to the determination whether the order can be accepted has been received by or on behalf of the seller. The location from which a product is shipped shall not be used in determining the location where the order is received by the seller.
- (6) When taxable services are sold with tangible personal property or digital products pursuant to a single contract or in the same transaction, are billed on the same billing statement or statements, and, because of the application of this section, would be sourced to different jurisdictions, this subsection shall apply to determine the source for tax.
 - 2. Except as provided in section 144.041, when the location where

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- the order is received by the seller and the location where the receipt of the product by the purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated 52as such by the purchaser) occurs are in different states, the retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a product shall be sourced as follows: 54
 - (1) When the product is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale shall be sourced to such business location;
 - (2) When the product is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale shall be sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser) occurs, including the location indicated by instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller;
 - (3) When subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the business records of the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's business when use of this address does not constitute bad faith;
- (4) When subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if no other address is available, when use of this address does not constitute bad 73 faith;
 - (5) When none of the previous rules of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection do not apply, including the circumstances in which the seller is without sufficient information to apply the previous rules, then the location will be determined by the address from which tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or computer software delivered electronically was first available for transmission from the seller, or from which the service was provided (disregarding for these purposes any location that merely provided the digital transfer of the product sold).
- 83 3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, all sales of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers, watercraft and aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment shall be sourced to the address 86 of the owner thereof.
 - 4. The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than

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property identified in subsection 2 or 3 of this section or transactions 89 regulated pursuant to sections 407.660 to 407.665, shall be sourced as 90 follows:

- 91 (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic 92 payments, the first periodic payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this 93 section. Periodic payments made subsequent to the first payment are 94sourced to the primary property location for each period covered by 95 the payment. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to 97 the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of 98 99 business, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith. The property location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different 100 locations, such as use of business property that accompanies employees on business trips and service calls;
 - (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section;
 - (3) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.
 - 5. The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment, as defined in section 144.010, shall be sourced as follows:
 - (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, each periodic payment is sourced to the primary property location. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of such address does not constitute bad faith. Such location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations;
- 119 (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in 120 121 accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section;
- 122 (3) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation 123 of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease. 124

- 6. The retail sale, including lease or rental, of transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in subsection 1 of this section.
 - 144.041. 1. The retail sale of a product shall be sourced in accordance with section 144.040. The provisions of section 144.040 shall apply regardless of the characterization of a product as tangible personal property, a digital good, or a service. The provisions of section 144.040 shall only apply to determine a seller's obligation to pay or collect and remit sales or use tax with respect to the seller's retail sale of a product. The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the obligation of a purchaser or lessee to remit tax on the use of the product to the taxing jurisdictions of that use.
- 2. Section 144.040 shall not apply to sales or use taxes levied on the following:
- 12 (1) Retail sales or transfers of watercraft, modular homes, 13 manufactured homes, or mobile homes; and
- 14 (2) Telecommunications services and ancillary services.
 - 144.042. 1. (1) A purchaser of advertising and promotional direct mail may provide the seller with either:
- 3 (a) A direct pay permit;
- 4 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail 5 (or other written statement approved, authorized or accepted by the 6 state); or
- 7 (c) Information showing the jurisdictions to which the 8 advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients.
- 10 referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction involving advertising and promotional direct mail to which the permit, certificate or statement applies. The purchaser shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to the recipients and shall report and pay any applicable tax due.
- 18 (3) If the purchaser provides the seller information showing the 19 jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is

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- to be delivered to recipients, the seller shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered and shall collect and remit the applicable tax. In the absence of bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to collect any additional tax on the sale of advertising and promotional direct mail where the seller has sourced the sale according to the delivery information provided by the purchaser.
 - (4) If the purchaser does not provide the seller with any of the items listed in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the sale shall be sourced according to subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.040. The state to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is delivered may disallow credit for tax paid on sales sourced under this subdivision.
- 33 (5) Notwithstanding section 144.040, this subsection shall apply 34 to sales of advertising and promotional direct mail.
- 2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, sales of other direct mail are sourced in accordance with subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of section 144.040.
- 38 (2) A purchaser of other direct mail may provide the seller with 39 either:
 - (a) A direct pay permit; or
- (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail (or other written statement approved, authorized or accepted by the state).
- 44 (3) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate or statement referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, 45the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to 46 collect, pay or remit any tax on any transaction involving other direct mail \mathbf{to} which the permit, certificate or statement 48 apply. Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the sale shall 49 be sourced to the jurisdictions to which the other direct mail is to be 50 delivered to the recipients and the purchaser shall report and pay 51 applicable tax due. 52
- 53 (4) Notwithstanding section 144.040, this subsection shall apply to sales of other direct mail.
- 3. (1) (a) This section applies to a transaction characterized under state law as the sale of services only if the service is an integral

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part of the production and distribution of printed material that meets 58 the definition of direct mail.

- 59 (b) This section does not apply to any transaction that includes the development of billing information or the provision of any data 60 processing service that is more than incidental regardless of whether 61 advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the same 62 mailing. 63
- 64 (2) If a transaction is a bundled transaction that includes advertising and promotion direct mail, this section applies only if the 65 primary purpose of the transaction is the sale of products or services 66 that meet the definition of advertising and promotional direct mail.
 - (3) Nothing in this section shall limit any purchaser's:
- 69 (a) Obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered; 70
- 71 (b) Right under local, state, federal or constitutional law, to a 72credit for sales or use taxes legally due and paid to other jurisdictions; 73 \mathbf{or}
- 74 (c) Right to a refund of sales or use taxes overpaid to any jurisdiction. 75
 - (4) This section applies for purposes of uniformly sourcing direct mail transactions and does not impose requirements on states regarding the taxation of products that meet the definition of direct mail or to the application of sales for resale or other exemptions.
 - 144.043. 1. [As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 2 (1) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons, with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for 3 4 recreational flying or flight training;
- 5 (2) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured parts and components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified purchaser for recreational and 9 educational purposes;
- 10 (3) "Parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified purchaser to 11 12complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;

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- (4) "Qualified purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components who is nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state.
- 21 2. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 22 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 23144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and from the 24provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, and from the 25 computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 144.010 to 26 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and under any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, all sales of new light aircraft, light aircraft 27 28 kits, parts or components manufactured or substantially completed within this state, when such new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, parts or components are 29 30 sold by the manufacturer to a qualified purchaser. The director of revenue shall prescribe the manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts 31 32 or components to establish that such person is a qualified purchaser and is eligible for the exemption established in this section.] Except for the defined 34 telecommunication services in subsection 3 of this section, the sale of telecommunication service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced 35 36 to:
 - (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
- 39 (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either 40 originates or terminates and in which the service address is also 41 located.
- 2. Except for the defined telecommunication services in subsection 3 of this section, a sale of telecommunications services sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.
 - 3. The sale of the following telecommunication services shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:
- 48 (1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-49 to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service, is

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- sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act; 51
- 52 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified by 53 either: 54
 - (a) The seller's telecommunications system; or
 - (b) Information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;
- (3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in accordance with section 144.040, provided however, in the case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling 61 service, the rule provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 144.040 shall include as an option the location associated with the mobile telephone number;
- 64 (4) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as follows: 65
- (a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such 67 customer channel termination point is located; 68
- (b) Service where all customer termination points are located entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in 70 such jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are 72located:
 - (c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and which segment of channel are separately charged is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are located; and
- 78 (d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction based on the 80 81 percentage determined by dividing the number of customer channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number of customer 82 83 channel termination points.
- 4. The sale of internet access service is sourced to the customer's 84 85 place of primary use.
 - 5. The sale of an ancillary service is sourced to the customer's

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144.049. 1. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel, including footwear, intended 3 to be worn on or about the human body. The term shall include but not be 4 limited to cloth and other material used to make school uniforms or other school 5 clothing. Items normally sold in pairs shall not be separated to qualify for the 6 exemption. The term shall not include watches, watchbands, jewelry, handbags, 7 handkerchiefs, umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt buckles; and
- 8 (2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system
 9 which consists of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage
 10 drive, a display monitor, and a keyboard and devices designed for use in
 11 conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module,
 12 compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitalizer, microphone, modem, motherboard,
 13 mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user
 14 operating system, soundcard, or video card;
- 15 (3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students in a standard 16 classroom for educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks, 17 notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags, 18 backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk, maps, and globes. The term shall not include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting equipment, portable 19 or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or 20 fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable 21 22 value of three hundred fifty dollars or less.
 - 2.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a taxable value of one hundred dollars or less[,]; all retail sales of school supplies, school art supplies, and school instructional materials not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase[,]; all prewritten computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less[,]; and all retail sales of [personal] computers [or computer peripheral devices] and school computer-supplies not to exceed three thousand five hundred dollars, during a three-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following.
 - [3. If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local

- sales tax, then, notwithstanding any provision of a local ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an ordinance to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.
- 43 4.] 2. This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within the Missouri state fairgrounds.
- 45 [5.] **3.** This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only.
- [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local sales tax. After opting out, the political subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.
- 7.] 4. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.

144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed 3 upon materials to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, 4 including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the 5 producer at the production facility;
- 6 (2) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or 7 removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether 8 or not they require subsequent separation and processing.
- 9 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 10 and 144.600 to 144.761, section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as 11 described in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, 12 13 assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, 14 section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as described in section 15 32.085, electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy sources, chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials used 16

or consumed in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or 17 18 producing of any product, or used or consumed in the processing of recovered materials, or used in research and development related to manufacturing, 19 processing, compounding, mining, or producing any product. The exemptions 20 granted in this subsection shall not apply to local sales or use taxes as defined 21in section 32.085 levied on electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or 22other fuels delivered by the seller and the provisions of this subsection shall 23 24 be in addition to any state and local sales tax exemption provided in section 144.030. 25

- 26 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 27 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 28 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as 29 defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 30 31 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in television or radio 32 33 broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or 34 35 local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with 36 37 the United States government, and all sales and leases of tangible personal 38 property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, provided such sale or 39 lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible personal 40 property used for railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, 41 fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in the regular course 42 43 of business.
- 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 44 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 45 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as 46 defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, 47 or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 48 49 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all sales and 50 purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax 51 52when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use

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in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669.

144.070. 1. At the time the owner of any new or used motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor which was acquired in a transaction subject to sales tax under the Missouri sales tax law makes application to the director of revenue for an official certificate of title and the registration of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor as otherwise provided by law, the owner shall present to the director of revenue evidence satisfactory to the director of revenue showing the purchase price exclusive of any charge incident to the extension of credit paid by or charged to the applicant in the acquisition of the motor vehicle, 9 trailer, boat, or outboard motor, or that no sales tax was incurred in its acquisition, and if sales tax was incurred in its acquisition, the applicant shall pay or cause to be paid to the director of revenue the sales tax provided by the 11 12 Missouri sales tax law in addition to the registration fees now or hereafter required according to law, and the director of revenue shall not issue a certificate 13 of title for any new or used motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor subject 14 to sales tax as provided in the Missouri sales tax law until the tax levied for the 15 16 sale of the same under sections 144.010 to 144.510 has been paid as provided in this section or is registered under the provisions of subsection [5] 4 of this 17 18 section.

- 2. [As used in subsection 1 of this section, the term "purchase price" shall mean the total amount of the contract price agreed upon between the seller and the applicant in the acquisition of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor, regardless of the medium of payment therefor.
- 23 3.] In the event that the purchase price is unknown or undisclosed, or 24 that the evidence thereof is not satisfactory to the director of revenue, the same shall be fixed by appraisement by the director. 25
- 26 [4.] 3. The director of the department of revenue shall endorse upon the official certificate of title issued by the director upon such application an entry showing that such sales tax has been paid or that the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor represented by such certificate is exempt from sales tax and state the ground for such exemption.
- 31 [5.] 4. Any person, company, or corporation engaged in the business of renting or leasing motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors, which are 33 to be used exclusively for rental or lease purposes, and not for resale, may apply 34 to the director of revenue for authority to operate as a leasing company. Any 35 company approved by the director of revenue may pay the tax due on any motor

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vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor as required in section 144.020 at the time 37 of registration thereof or in lieu thereof may pay a sales tax as provided in sections 144.010, 144.020, 144.070 and 144.440. A sales tax shall be charged to 38 and paid by a leasing company which does not exercise the option of paying in 39 accordance with section 144.020, on the amount charged for each rental or lease 40 agreement while the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is domiciled 41 in this state. Any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor which is leased 42as the result of a contract executed in this state shall be presumed to be 43 domiciled in this state. 44

- [6.] **5**. Any corporation may have one or more of its divisions separately apply to the director of revenue for authorization to operate as a leasing company, provided that the corporation:
 - (1) Has filed a written consent with the director authorizing any of its divisions to apply for such authority;
 - (2) Is authorized to do business in Missouri;
- 51 (3) Has agreed to treat any sale of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or 52 outboard motor from one of its divisions to another of its divisions as a sale at 53 retail;
- 54 (4) Has registered under the fictitious name provisions of sections 417.200 55 to 417.230 each of its divisions doing business in Missouri as a leasing company; 56 and
 - (5) Operates each of its divisions on a basis separate from each of its other divisions. However, when the transfer of a motor vehicle, trailer, boat or outboard motor occurs within a corporation which holds a license to operate as a motor vehicle or boat dealer pursuant to sections 301.550 to 301.573 the provisions in subdivision (3) of this subsection shall not apply.
- 62 [7.] 6. If the owner of any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor 63 desires to charge and collect sales tax as provided in this section, the owner shall make application to the director of revenue for a permit to operate as a motor 64 vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor leasing company. The director of revenue 65 shall promulgate rules and regulations determining the qualifications of such a 66 company, and the method of collection and reporting of sales tax charged and 67 collected. Such regulations shall apply only to owners of motor vehicles, trailers, 69 boats, or outboard motors, electing to qualify as motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or 70 outboard motor leasing companies under the provisions of subsection [5] 4 of this section, and no motor vehicle renting or leasing, trailer renting or leasing, or boat

or outboard motor renting or leasing company can come under sections 144.010, 144.020, 144.070 and 144.440 unless all motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors held for renting and leasing are included.

75 [8.] 7. Beginning July 1, 2010, any motor vehicle dealer licensed under 76 section 301.560 engaged in the business of selling motor vehicles or trailers may apply to the director of revenue for authority to collect and remit the sales tax 77 required under this section on all motor vehicles sold by the motor vehicle dealer. 79 A motor vehicle dealer receiving authority to collect and remit the tax is subject 80 to all provisions under sections 144.010 to 144.525. Any motor vehicle dealer 81 authorized to collect and remit sales taxes on motor vehicles under this 82 subsection shall be entitled to deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent of the motor vehicle sales tax pursuant to section 144.140. Any amount of the tax 84 collected under this subsection that is retained by a motor vehicle dealer pursuant to section 144.140 shall not constitute state revenue. In no event shall 85 revenues from the general revenue fund or any other state fund be utilized to 86 compensate motor vehicle dealers for their role in collecting and remitting sales 87 88 taxes on motor vehicles. In the event this subsection or any portion thereof is 89 held to violate article IV, section 30(b) of the Missouri Constitution, no motor vehicle dealer shall be authorized to collect and remit sales taxes on motor 90 vehicles under this section. No motor vehicle dealer shall seek compensation 91 92 from the state of Missouri or its agencies if a court of competent jurisdiction 93 declares that the retention of two percent of the motor vehicle sales tax is 94 unconstitutional and orders the return of such revenues.

144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon 2 the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the 10 amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit 11 to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, 12 except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section. The director of revenue 13 may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment

- 14 requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more 15 frequently than required in this section.
- 2. [Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month.
- 3.] Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
- 26 [4.] 3. The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject to the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, shall collect the tax from the 27 28 purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any 29 30 part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the state the tax imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax 31 32 imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 on motor vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided in sections 144.070 and 144.440. 33
- [5.] 4. It shall be unlawful for any person to advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer directly or indirectly that the tax or any part thereof imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, and required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or absorbed by the person, or that it will not be separately stated and added to the selling price of the property sold or service rendered, or if added, that it or any part thereof will be refunded. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
 - 144.082. 1. The director shall participate in an online 2 registration system that will allow sellers to register in this state and 3 other member states.
 - 2. By registering, the seller agrees to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all taxable sales into this state as well as the other member states, including member states joining after the seller's registration. Withdrawal or revocation of this state from the agreement shall not relieve a seller of its responsibility to remit taxes previously or subsequently collected on behalf of this state.

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- 3. If the seller has a requirement to register prior to registering under the agreement, such seller shall obtain a retail sales license under section 144.083 and register under section 144.650.
- 4. Registration with the central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in this state shall not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with this state for any tax at any time.
- 144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to procure a retail sales license at no cost to the licensee which shall be prominently displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued when sales are discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person applying for a retail sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license who owes any tax under sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and penalties before the 10 department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. All 11 12 persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are required to collect the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making sales at 13 retail. Such license may, after ten days' notice, be revoked by the director of revenue only in the event the licensee shall be in default for a period of sixty days in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 143.191 to 16 17 143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event of revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business account 18 19 including the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the director.
 - 2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The date of issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the local license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall render the occupational license or the state license null and void.
- 29 3. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080

- 30 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales
- 31 license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify
- 32 the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the
- 33 former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person
- 34 has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person
- 35 is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and
- 36 may prohibit further sales at retail by such person.
- 37 4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning
- 38 January 1, 2009, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue
- 39 stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to 143.265 or sections 144.010 to
- 40 144.510 shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or
- 41 county occupation license or any state license required for conducting any
- 42 business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no tax due shall be
- 43 dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission for application or
- 44 renewal of the city or county license.
- 45 [5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only
- 46 apply to the sale price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice
- 47 discounts or other pricing discounts or mechanisms negotiated between
- 48 manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.]
 - 144.084. 1. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations
 - for remittance of returns. Such rules shall:
 - (1) Allow for electronic payments by all remitters by both ACH
 - 4 credit and ACH debit;
 - 5 (2) Provide an alternative method for making "same day"
 - 6 payments if an electronic funds transfer fails;
 - 7 (3) Provide that if a due date falls on a legal banking holiday in
- 8 the state, the taxes shall be due on the next succeeding business day;
- 9 and

- 10 (4) Require that any data that accompanies a remittance be
- 11 formatted using uniform tax type and payment type codes approved by
- 12 the streamlined sales and use tax governing board.
- 13 2. All model 1, model 2, and model 3 sellers shall file returns
- 14 electronically. Any model 1, model 2, or model 3 seller shall submit its
- 15 sales and use tax returns in a simplified format approved by the
- 16 director at such times as may be prescribed by the director.
 - 144.100. 1. Every person making any taxable sales of property or service,

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- 2 except transactions provided for in sections 144.070 and 144.440, individually or
- 3 by duly authorized officer or agent, shall make and file a written return with the
- 4 director of revenue in such manner as he may prescribe.
- 5 2. The returns shall be on blanks designed and furnished by the director
- 6 of the department of revenue and shall be filed at the times provided in sections
- 7 144.080 and 144.090. The returns shall [show the amount of gross receipts from
- 3 sales of taxable property and services by the person and the amount of tax due
- 9 thereon by that person during and for the period covered by the return] state:
- 10 (1) The name and address of the retailer;
 - (2) The total amount of gross sales of all tangible personal property and taxable services rendered by the retailer during the period for which the return is made;
 - (3) The total amount received during the period for which the return is made on charge and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered prior to the period for which the return is made;
- 18 (4) Deductions allowed by law from such total amount of gross 19 sales and from total amount received during the period for which the 20 return is made on such charge and time sales;
 - (5) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from the total amount of sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered during such period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made;
 - (6) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from charge and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable services rendered prior to such period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made;
 - (7) Gross receipts during the period for which the return is made from sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered in the course of such business upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; and
 - (8) Such other pertinent information as the director may require.
 - 3. In making such return, the retailer shall determine the market value of any consideration, other than money, received in connection with the sale of any tangible personal property in the course of the business and shall include such value in the return. Such value shall be subject to review and revision by the director as hereinafter

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39 provided. Refunds made by a retailer during the period for which the return is made on account of tangible personal property returned to 40 the retailer shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision (4) of 41 subsection 2 of this section in case the retailer has included the receipts from such sale in a return made by such retailer and paid 43 taxes on such sale. The retailer shall, at the time of making such 44 return, pay to the director the amount of tax owed, except as otherwise 45provided in this section. The director may extend the time for making 46 47 returns and paying the tax required by this section for any period not to exceed sixty days under such rules and regulations as the director 48 of revenue may prescribe. 49

- 4. The director shall only require a single tax return for each taxing period and such return shall include only the taxing jurisdictions in which the seller makes sales within the state. With each return, the person shall remit to the director of revenue the full amount of the tax due.
- [3.] 5. In case of charge and time sales the gross receipts thereof shall be included as sales in the returns as and when payments are received by the person, without any deduction therefrom whatsoever.
- 58 [4.] 6. If an error or omission is discovered in a return or a change be necessary to show the true facts, the error may be corrected, the omission 59 supplied, or the change made in the return next filed with the director for the 60 filing period immediately following the filing period in which the error was made 61 or the omission occurred, as prescribed by law, except that no refund under this 62 chapter shall be allowed for any amount of tax paid by a seller which is based 63 upon charges incident to credit card discounts. Any other omission or error must 64 be corrected by filing an amended return for the erroneously reported period if 65 66 the amount of tax is less than that originally reported, or an additional return if 67 the amount of tax is greater than that originally reported. An additional return 68 shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope in which it is mailed is postmarked or the date it is received by the director, whichever is earlier. Any payment of 69 tax, interest, penalty or additions to tax shall be deemed filed on the date the 70 envelope containing the payment is postmarked or the date the payment is received by the director, whichever is earlier. If a refund or credit results from 7273 the filing of an amended return, no refund or credit shall be allowed unless an application for refund or credit is properly completed and submitted to the

- 75 director pursuant to section 144.190.
- 76 [5.] 7. The amount of gross receipts from sales and the amount of tax due 77 returned by the person, as well as all matters contained in the return, is subject 78 to review and revision in the manner herein provided for the correction of the
- 79 returns.

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- 144.105. 1. A seller shall be allowed a deduction from taxable sales for bad debts attributable to taxable sales of such seller that have become uncollectable. Any deduction taken that is attributed to bad debts shall not include interest.
- 2. The amount of the bad debt deduction shall be calculated pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 166(b), as amended, except that such amount shall be adjusted to exclude financing charges or interest, sales, or use taxes charged on the purchase price, uncollectable amounts on property that remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is paid, and expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt or repossessed property.
- 3. Bad debts may be deducted on the return for the period during which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and records and is eligible to be deducted for federal income tax purposes. For purposes of this subsection, a seller who is not required to file federal income tax returns may deduct a bad debt on a return filed for the period in which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's books and records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the seller was required to file a federal income tax return.
 - 4. If a deduction is taken for a bad debt and the debt is subsequently collected in whole or in part, the tax on the amount so collected shall be paid and reported on the return filed for the period in which the collection is made.
- 5. When the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable sales for the period during which the bad debt is written off, a refund claim may be filed by the seller within the applicable statute of limitations for refund claim; however, the statute of limitations shall be measured from the due date of the return on which the bad debt could first be claimed.
- 6. Where filing responsibilities have been assumed by a certified service provider, such service provider may claim, on behalf of the

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seller, any bad debt allowance provided by this section. The certified service provider shall credit or refund the full amount of any bad debt allowance or refund received to the seller.

- 7. For the purposes of reporting a payment received on a previously claimed bad debt, any payments made on a debt or account shall first be applied proportionally to the taxable price of the property or service and the sales tax thereon, and secondly to interest, service charges, and any other charges.
- 8. In situations where the books and records of the seller, or certified service provider on behalf of the seller, claiming the bad debt allowance support an allocation of the bad debts among the member states, such an allocation shall be permitted.
- 144.110. 1. The state shall review software submitted to the streamlined sales and use tax governing board for certification as a certified automated system (CAS) under Section 501 of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Such review shall include a review to determine that the program adequately classifies the state's product-based exemptions. Upon completion of the review, the state shall certify to the governing board its acceptance of the classifications made by the system. The state shall relieve a certified service provider (CSP) or model 2 seller from liability to this state and its local jurisdictions for failure to collect sales or use taxes resulting from the CSP or model 2 seller's reliance on the certification provided by the state.
- 2. The streamlined sales and use tax governing board and this state shall not be responsible for classification of an item or transaction with the product-based exemptions. The relief from liability provided in this section shall not be available for a CSP or model 2 seller that has incorrectly classified an item or transaction into a product-based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall apply to the individual listing of items or transactions within a product definition approved by the governing board or the state.
- 3. If the state determines that an item or transaction is incorrectly classified as to its taxability, it shall notify the CSP or model 2 seller of the incorrect classification. The CSP or model 2 seller shall have ten days to revise the classification after receipt of notice from the state of the determination. Upon expiration of the ten days, such CSP or model 2 seller shall be liable for failure to collect the

26 correct amount of sales or use taxes due and owing to the state.

- 144.123. 1. The director shall provide and maintain a database that describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions and the effective dates of such changes for sales and use tax purposes.
- 2. The director shall provide and maintain a database of all sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions. For the identification of counties and cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.
- 3. The director shall provide and maintain a database that 11 12 assigns each five- and nine-digit zip code to the proper rates and taxing jurisdictions. The lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code 13 area shall apply if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdiction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address, or if a seller or a certified service 16 provider (CSP) is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code 17designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to 18 determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the 19 five-digit zip code area. For purposes of this section, there shall be a 20 21rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence 22if the seller has attempted to determine the nine-digit zip code 23designation by utilizing software approved by the secretary that makes 24this designation from the street address and the five-digit zip code 25applicable to a purchase.
- 26 4. The director may provide address-based boundary database 27records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated rates which shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection 3 of this 28 29 section. The database records shall be in the same approved format as the database records required under subsection 3 of this section and 30 31 shall meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a), as amended. 3233 If the director develops address-based assignment database records pursuant to the agreement, sellers that register under the agreement 34 shall be required to use such database. A seller or CSP shall use such 35 database records in place of the five- and nine-digit zip code database 36

records provided for in subsection 3 of this section. If a seller or CSP is unable to determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction using an address-based database record after exercising due diligence, the seller or CSP may apply the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a 41 street address or if a seller or CSP is unable to determine the nine-digit 42 zip code designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due 43 diligence to determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the 44 rate for the five-digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has 46 exercised due diligence if the seller or CSP has attempted to determine 47the tax rate and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by the 48 director and makes the assignment from the address and zip code 49 information applicable to the purchase. If the director has met the 50 requirements of subsection 3 of this section, the director may also elect to certify vendor provided address-based databases for assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. The databases shall be in the same approved 53 format as the database records under this section and meet the 54 requirements developed pursuant to the federal 55 Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a), as amended. 56 If the director certifies a vendor address-based database, a seller or CSP may use such database in place of the database provided for in 59 this subsection.

- 60 5. The electronic databases provided for in subsections 1, 2, 3, 61 and 4 of this section shall be in a downloadable format as determined 62 by the director. The databases may be directly provided by the director or provided by a vendor as designated by the director. A database provided by a vendor as designated by the director shall be applicable and subject to the provisions of section 144.1031 and this 65 section. The databases shall be provided at no cost to the user of the 66 database. The provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall not 67 apply when the purchased product is received by the purchaser at the 68 business location of the seller. 69
- 6. No seller or CSP shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.
 - 144.124. 1. The director shall complete a taxability matrix. The

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- 2 state's entries in the matrix shall be provided and maintained by the 3 director in a database that is in a downloadable format.
- 2. The director shall provide reasonable notice of changes in the taxability of the products or services listed in the taxability matrix.
- 3. A seller or certified service provider (CSP) shall be relieved from liability to this state or any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and collected the incorrect amount of state or local sales or use tax resulting from such seller's or CSP's reliance upon erroneous data provided by the director in the taxability matrix.
- 144.125. 1. (1) Amnesty shall be granted for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax to a seller who registers to pay or to collect and remit applicable sales or use tax on sales made to purchasers in this state in accordance with the terms of the agreement, provided that the seller was not so registered in this state in the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of this state's participation in the agreement.
- 8 (2) Amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected or unpaid 9 sales or use tax together with penalty or interest for sales made during 10 the period the seller was not registered in this state, provided 11 registration occurs within twelve months of the effective date of this 12 state's participation in the agreement.
- 13 (3) Amnesty shall be provided if this state joins the agreement 14 after the seller has registered.
 - 2. Amnesty shall not be available to a seller with respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received notice of the commencement of an audit and which audit is not yet finally resolved including any related administrative and judicial processes. The amnesty shall not be available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to this state or to taxes collected by the seller.
- 3. Amnesty provided under this section shall be fully effective, absent the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, as long as the seller continues registration and payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute of limitations applicable to asserting a tax liability during this thirty-six month period shall be tolled.
 - 4. Amnesty provided under this section shall be applicable only

- 29 to sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not 30 to sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a purchaser.
- 5. The provisions of this section shall become effective as of the date that the state joins and becomes a member state of the agreement.
- 144.140. **1.** From every remittance to the director of revenue made on or before the date when the same becomes due, the person required to remit the same shall be entitled to deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.
- 2. If the director of the department of revenue enters into the streamlined sales and use tax agreement under section 32.070, the director shall provide a monetary allowance from the taxes collected to each of the following:
- 9 (1) A certified service provider, in accordance with the 10 agreement and under the terms of the contract signed with the 11 provider, provided that such allowance shall not exceed two percent of 12 the amount collected;
- 13 (2) Any vendor registered under the agreement that selects a 14 certified automated system to perform part of its sales or use tax 15 functions;
- (3) Any vendor registered under the agreement that uses a proprietary system to calculate taxes due and has entered into a performance agreement with states that are members to the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 3. The monetary allowance provided for vendors in subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 2 of this section shall be in an amount equal to two percent of the taxes collected.
- 4. Any vendor receiving an allowance under subsection 2 of this section shall not be entitled simultaneously to deduct the allowance provided for in subsection 1 of this section.
- 144.210. 1. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal property, services, substances or things was not a sale at retail shall be upon the person who made the sale, except that with respect to sales, services, or transactions provided for in section 144.070. [The seller shall obtain and maintain exemption certificates signed by the purchaser or his agent as evidence for any exempt sales claimed; provided, however, that before any administrative tribunal of this state, a seller may prove that sale is exempt from tax under this chapter in accordance with proof admissible under the applicable rules of

- 9 evidence; except that when a purchaser has purchased tangible personal property
- 10 or services sales tax free under a claim of exemption which is found to be
- 11 improper, the director of revenue may collect the proper amount of tax, interest,
- 12 additions to tax and penalty from the purchaser directly. Any tax, interest,
- 13 additions to tax or penalty collected by the director from the purchaser shall be
- 14 credited against the amount otherwise due from the seller on the purchases or
- 15 sales where the exemption was claimed.]
- 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment
- 17 of the tax made by any person, he is hereby authorized and empowered to make
- 18 an additional assessment of tax due from such person, based upon the facts
- 19 contained in the return or upon any information within his possession or that
- 20 shall come into his possession.
- 3. The director of revenue shall give to the person written notice of such
- 22 additional or revised assessment by certified or registered mail to the person at
- 23 his or its last known address.
 - 144.212. 1. In addition to all other provisions of law provided for exemptions, when an exemption is claimed by a purchaser:
 - 3 (1) The seller shall obtain identifying information of the 4 purchaser and the reason for claiming a tax exemption at the time of 5 the purchase;
- 6 (2) A purchaser shall not be required to provide a signature to 7 claim an exemption from tax unless a paper exemption certificate is 8 used;
- 9 (3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an 10 exemption electronically prescribed by the director of the department 11 of revenue and acceptable to the streamlined sales and use tax 12 governing board;
- 13 (4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof of a 14 claimed exemption regardless of the medium in which the transaction 15 occurred;
- 16 (5) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt 17 transactions and provide such records to the director of the 18 department of revenue or the director's designee upon request;
- 19 (6) In the case of drop shipment sales, a third-party vendor, such 20 as a drop shipper, may claim a resale exemption based on an exemption 21 certificate provided by its customer or any other acceptable

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- 22 information available to the third-party vendor evidencing 23 qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of whether the 24 customer is registered to collect and remit sales and use tax in the state 25 where the sale is sourced.
- 26 2. (1) Sellers that comply with the requirements of this section 27 shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if it is determined that the purchaser improperly claimed an exemption 28 29 and such purchaser shall be liable for the nonpayment of tax. Relief 30 from liability provided under this section shall not apply to a seller who fraudulently fails to collect tax; to a seller who solicits purchasers 31 to participate in the unlawful claim of an exemption; to a seller who 3233 accepts an exemption certificate when the purchaser claims an entitybased exemption when the subject of the transaction sought to be 34 covered by the exemption certificate is actually received by the 35 purchaser at a location operated by the seller and the state in which that location resides provides an exemption certificate that clearly and 37 38 affirmatively indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in such state; or to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate claiming 39 multiple points of use for tangible personal property other than 40 41 computer software for which an exemption claiming multiple points of use not available in such state. 42
 - (2) A seller shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or captures the relevant data elements required under the agreement within ninety days subsequent to the date of sale.
 - (3) If a seller fails to obtain an exemption certificate or all relevant data elements as provided in this section, the seller may, within one hundred twenty days subsequent to a request for substantiation by the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee, either prove that the transaction was not subject to tax by other means or obtain a fully completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, taken in good faith.
 - 3. Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee to require purchasers to update exemption certificate information or to reapply with the state to claim certain exemptions.
 - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section

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to the contrary, the director shall relieve a seller of the tax otherwise 60 applicable if the seller obtains a blanket exemption certificate for a purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business relationship. The director shall not request from the seller renewal of blanket certificates or updates of exemption certificate information or data elements when there is a recurring business relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this section, a recurring business 65relationship exists when a period of no more than twelve months 66 elapses between sales transactions. 67

144.285. 1. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the director of revenue shall establish brackets, showing the amounts of tax to be collected on sales of specified amounts, which shall be applicable to all taxable transactions] When the seller is computing the amount of tax owed by the purchaser and remitted to 8 the state:

- 9 (1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal place; 10 and
- 11 (2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a method that rounds up to the next cent whenever the third decimal place is greater 13 than four.
 - 2. [In all instances where statements covering taxable purchases are rendered to the taxpayer on a monthly or other periodic basis, the amount of tax shall be determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the taxable purchases represented on the statement, rounded to the nearest whole cent, or by application of the brackets established by the director of revenue, at the option of the retail vendor | Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction on an item or an invoice basis. The provision of this subsection may be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
- 22 3. No vendor or seller shall knowingly charge or receive from a purchaser 23 as a sales tax any sum in excess of the sums provided for in this section.
- 4. [A vendor may, at his option, determine the amount charged to and received from each purchaser by use of a formula which applies the applicable tax 25rate to each taxable purchase, rounded to the nearest whole cent. The formula 26shall be uniformly and consistently applied to all purchases similarly situated.

- 5.] Amounts which a vendor charges to and receives from the purchaser in accordance with this section shall not be includable in his gross receipts if the amounts are separately charged or stated.
- 31 [6.] 5. If sales tax for one or more local political subdivisions is owed by 32 a taxpayer pursuant to chapter 66, 67, 92, or 94 and that taxpayer remits less than all sales tax due for a filing period specified in section 144.080, the director 33 of revenue shall deposit the tax remitted proportionately to each taxing 34 jurisdiction in accordance with the percentage that each such jurisdiction's share 35 of the tax due for the filing period bears to the total tax due from such taxpayer 36 37 for such period. The unpaid balance due along with penalties and interest shall 38 be similarly prorated among the state and all local jurisdictions for which tax was 39 due during the filing period for which an underpayment occurs. The provisions 40 of this subsection shall apply to all returns or remittances relating to sales made on or after January 1, 1984. 41
- 144.440. 1. In addition to all other taxes now or hereafter levied and imposed upon every person for the privilege of using the highways or waterways of this state, there is hereby levied and imposed a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, as defined in section 144.070, which is paid or charged on new and used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri.
- 8 2. At the time the owner of any such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor makes application to the director of revenue for an official 10 certificate of title and the registration of the same as otherwise provided by law, he shall present to the director of revenue evidence satisfactory to the director 11 showing the purchase price paid by or charged to the applicant in the acquisition 12 of the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor, or that the motor vehicle, 13 trailer, boat, or outboard motor is not subject to the tax herein provided and, if 14 the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is subject to the tax herein 15 provided, the applicant shall pay or cause to be paid to the director of revenue the 16 tax provided herein. 17
- 3. In the event that the purchase price is unknown or undisclosed, or that the evidence thereof is not satisfactory to the director of revenue, the same shall be fixed by appraisement by the director.
- 4. No certificate of title shall be issued for such motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor unless the tax for the privilege of using the highways or

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- waters of this state has been paid or the vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is registered under the provisions of subsection 5 of this section.
- 25 5. The owner of any motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor which is to be used exclusively for rental or lease purposes may pay the tax due thereon 26required in section 144.020 at the time of registration or in lieu thereof may pay 27a use tax as provided in sections 144.010, 144.020, 144.070 and 144.440. A use 28tax shall be charged and paid on the amount charged for each rental or lease 29 30 agreement while the motor vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor is domiciled in the state. If the owner elects to pay upon each rental or lease, he shall make 31 32 an affidavit to that effect in such form as the director of revenue shall require 33 and shall remit the tax due at such times as the director of revenue shall require.
- 6. In the event that any leasing company which rents or leases motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors elects to collect a use tax, all of its lease receipt would be subject to the use tax, regardless of whether or not the leasing company previously paid a sales tax when the vehicle, trailer, boat, or outboard motor was originally purchased.
- 7. The provisions of this section, and the tax imposed by this section, shallnot apply to manufactured homes.
 - 8. The provisions of subsections 1 of this section notwithstanding, the rate of tax imposed under this section shall be as follows:
 - (1) For the 2014 calendar year, four and one-tenth percent;
 - (2) For the 2015 calendar year, four and one-fifth percent;
 - (3) For the 2016 calendar year, four and three-tenth percent;
- 47 (4) For the 2017 calendar year, four and two-fifth percent; and
- 48 (5) For all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, 49 four and one-half percent.

144.522. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means

- any person that is a member of the same "controlled group of corporations" as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a member of the same "controlled group of corporations" as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - 144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show 2 Me Green Sales Tax Holiday".
 - 2. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 4 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash 5 compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, 6 furnaces, refrigerators and freezers; and
- 7 (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United 8 States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of
- 9 Energy as eligible to display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.
- 3.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any [energy star certified] new appliance **that is an energy star qualified product**, up to one thousand five hundred dollars per appliance, during a seven-day period beginning
- 14 at 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight on April twenty-fifth.
- 15 [4. A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this 16 section to apply to its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that
- 17 effect. Any such political subdivision shall notify the department of revenue not
- 18 less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax
- 19 holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.
- 5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax
- 22 holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax
- 23 holiday.]
- 144.605. **1.** The following words and phrases as used in sections 144.600 2 to 144.745 mean and include:
- 3 (1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar months
- 4 ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December
- 5 thirty-first;

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(2) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:

- 7 (a) [Purposefully or systematically exploiting the market provided by this
- 8 state by any media-assisted, media-facilitated, or media-solicited means,
- 9 including, but not limited to, direct mail advertising, distribution of catalogs,
- 10 computer-assisted shopping, telephone, television, radio, or other electronic
- 11 media, or magazine or newspaper advertisements, or other media; or
- 12 (b) Being owned or controlled by the same interests which own or control
- 13 any seller engaged in the same or similar line of business in this state; or
- (c) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating under the
- 15 seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect
- 16 sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525; [or]
- 17 [(d)] (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling
- 18 representatives;
- 19 (c) A vendor is presumed to "engage in business activities within
- 20 this state" if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its
- 21 capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:
- 22 a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so
- 23 under the same or a similar business name;
- b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or
- 25 storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the
- 26 delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's
- 27 customers;
- 28 c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services
- 29 for the vendor's customers within the state;
- 30 d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in
- 31 the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold
- 32 by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage
- 33 place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the
- 34 state; or
- e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly
- 36 associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market
- 37 in the state for the sales:
- 38 (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by
- 39 demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not
- 40 significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or
- 41 maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
- 42 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed
- 43 to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters

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- into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;
 - (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith;
 - (3) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, [or through a subsidiary, or agent,] by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business in this state, whether owned or operated by the vendor or by any other person other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such;
- (4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;
- 76 (5) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible 77 personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, 78 use or consumption in this state;
 - (6) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable

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80 consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage 81 or consumption in this state;

- (7) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or ownership of tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or consume the same, for a consideration paid or to be paid, and any transaction whether called leases, rentals, bailments, loans, conditional sales or otherwise, and notwithstanding that the title or possession of the property or both is retained for security. For the purpose of this law the place of delivery of the property to the purchaser, user, storer or consumer is deemed to be the place of sale, whether the delivery be by the vendor or by common carriers, private contractors, mails, express, agents, salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers, canvassers or otherwise;
- (8) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or given, or contracted to be paid or given, by the purchaser to the vendor for the tangible personal property, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the vendor, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses or any other expenses whatsoever, except that cash discounts allowed and taken on sales shall not be included and "sales price" shall not include the amount charged for property returned by customers upon rescission of the contract of sales when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either in cash or credit or the amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the property sold, the use, storage or consumption of which is taxable pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745. In determining the amount of tax due pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745, any charge incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted;
- (9) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 or sections 144.600 to 144.745 and who receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;
- 114 (10) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible personal 115 property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale or property that is

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- 116 temporarily kept or retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;
- 117 (11) "Tangible personal property", all items subject to the Missouri sales 118 tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3) of section 144.020;
- 119 (12) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should remit the tax 120 levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745;
- 121 (13) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal 122 property incident to the ownership or control of that property, except that it does 123 not include the temporary storage of property in this state for subsequent use 124 outside the state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of business;
- (14) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible personal 125 126 property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling tangible personal 127 property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of tangible personal property, for 128 storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, 129 representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, 130 distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they 131 operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, 132 and every person who maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a 133 stock of goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this state and 134 every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent 135 for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of 136 whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, 137 distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they must be 138 regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, 139 principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for the purposes of sections 140 144.600 to 144.745. [A person shall not be considered a vendor for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745 if all of the following apply: 141
 - (a) The person's total gross receipts did not exceed five hundred thousand dollars in this state, or twelve and one-half million dollars in the entire United States, in the immediately preceding calendar year;
 - (b) The person maintains no place of business in this state; and
 - (c) The person has no selling agents in this state.

147 2. This section shall terminate on January 1, 2015.

144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following 2 each calendar quarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of 3 revenue a return of all taxes collected for the preceding quarter in the form 4 prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the total sales price of the tangible

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- 5 personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or consumption of which 6 is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director of 7 revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of 8 the amount of the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period 9 covered by the return. Returns shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's 10 authorized agent. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations 11 changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but shall not require 12 any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.
 - 2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.
 - 3. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
- 24 4. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person 25purchasing tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the 26 27 tax due to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 28 144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the preceding 29 reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the 30 preceding reporting period and any other information that the director of revenue 31 deems necessary for the proper administration of sections 144.600 to 32 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of the 33 tax required by sections 144.600 to 144.748 to be paid by the person. Returns 34 shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized 35 agent. For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined 36 37 by the director of revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar 38 year. Annual returns and payments required by the director pursuant to this 39 subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of the year for the preceding 40 calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or before the

- last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the taxpayer's request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments on a monthly basis. If a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment,
- 44 such return and payment shall be due on or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month.
- 5. Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax return with the director of revenue if such purchases on which such taxes were not paid do not exceed in the aggregate two thousand dollars in any calendar year.
- 6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability to collect the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650.
- 7. Any out-of-state seller which is not legally required to register 58 for use tax in this state but chooses to collect and remit use tax under 59 sections 144.600 to 144.761 shall file a return for the calendar year. The 60 return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirtyfirst of the succeeding year. In the event that any out-of-state seller which is not legally required to register for use tax in this state but 63 chooses to collect and remit use tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761 64 has accumulated state and local use tax funds in an amount equal to 65 66 one thousand dollars or more, such vendor shall file a return and remit 67 the amount due for the month in which the accumulated state and local 68 use tax funds equal or exceed one thousand dollars.
 - 144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as required by sections 144.600 to 144.745 to the director of revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due, the vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.] Sections 144.210 and 144.212, pertaining to the allowance for timely remittance of payment, are applicable to the tax levied by this law.
 - 221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one

- 3 percent, three-eighths of one percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales
- 4 made in such region which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of
- 5 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing jail services and court
- 6 facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this section shall
- be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no
- 8 order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the
- 9 commission submits to the voters of the district, on any election date authorized
- 10 in chapter 115, a proposal to authorize the commission to impose a tax.
- 11 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 12 following language:
- Shall the regional jail district of (counties' names) impose a
- 14 region-wide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing
- 15 jail services and court facilities and equipment for the region?
- \square YES \square NO
- 17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you
- 18 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".
- 19 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the
- 20 district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any
- 21 amendment to such order shall be in effect on the first day of the second
- 22 calendar quarter [immediately following the election approving the proposal]
- 23 after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the
- 24 local sales tax. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, the
- 25 commission shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to
- 26 this section unless and until the commission shall again have submitted another
- 27 proposal to authorize the commission to impose the sales tax authorized by this
- 28 section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified
- 29 voters of the district voting on such proposal; however, in no event shall a
- 30 proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve
- 31 months from the date of the last submission of a proposal pursuant to this
- 32 section.
- 33 3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to
- 34 this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for
- 35 providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such district for so
- 36 long as the tax shall remain in effect.
- 37 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by
- 38 any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for

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39 providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any 40 funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating 41 to the investment of other county funds. 42

- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Regional Jail District Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each member county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all expenditures of funds arising from the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall be paid pursuant to an appropriation adopted by the commission and shall be approved by the commission. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any function authorized in the order adopted by the commission submitting the regional jail district tax to the voters.
- 62 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 63 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 64 and drafts deposited to the credit of such districts. If any district abolishes the 65 tax, the commission shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least 66 ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 68 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 69 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 70 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 72abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit the 73 balance in the account to the district and close the account of that district. The director of revenue shall notify each district in each instance of any amount

- 75 refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.
- 76 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and
- 77 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 78 8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2015.
- 238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by
- 2 resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail
- 3 sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to
- 4 taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, except such
- 5 transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of
- 6 [motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors nor to all sales of electricity
- 7 or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service
- 8 to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance fuels used to power
- 9 motor vehicles, aircraft, locomotives, or watercraft, or to electricity,
- 10 piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller,
- 11 and the retail sales or transfer of motor vehicles, aircraft, watercraft,
- 12 modular homes, manufactured homes, or mobile homes. Such
- 13 transportation development district sales tax may be imposed for any
- 14 transportation development purpose designated by the transportation
- 15 development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that
- 16 no resolution enacted pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be
- 17 effective unless:
- 18 (a) The board of directors of the transportation development district
- 19 submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a
- 20 proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development
- 21 district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the
- 22 provisions of this section; or
- 23 (b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filed
- 24 pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207.
- 25 (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the
- 26 transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors
- 27 of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an
- 28 existing tax pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this
- 29 subsection, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the
- 30 following language:
- 31 Shall the transportation development district of (transportation
- 32 development district's name) impose a transportation development district-wide

33 sales tax at the rate of (insert amount) for a period of (insert

34 number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose

35 of (insert transportation development purpose)?

- \Box YES \Box NO
- 37 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you
- 38 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".
- 39 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting
- 40 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments
- 41 thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters
- 42 voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the
- 43 transportation development district shall have no power to impose the sales tax
- 44 authorized by this section unless and until the board of directors of the
- 45 transportation development district shall again have submitted another proposal
- 46 to authorize it to impose the sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section
- 47 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting
- 48 thereon.
- 49 (3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the
- 50 first day of the second calendar quarter after the department of revenue receives
- 51 notification of the tax.
- 52 (4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has
- 53 been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the
- 54 tax imposed by the transportation development district pursuant to this section
- 55 to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of
- 56 the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be
- 57 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.
- 58 (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax
- 59 authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and
- 60 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to
- 61 serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the
- 62 transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets which
- 63 shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of
- 64 those brackets provided in section 144.285.
- 65 (6)] All revenue received by a transportation development district from
- 66 the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain
- 67 transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and
- 68 shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the

period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds.

- [(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors nor to public utilities. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.
- 2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.
- 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax imposed pursuant to this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant to such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
 - 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525,

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105 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087 and section 32.057, the 106 uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed 107 by this section, except as modified in this section.

- (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section.
- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.
- 126 (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this 127 section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be 128 consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal 129 property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state 130 destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which 131 132 participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place 133 of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal 134 property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for 135 acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's 136 employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which 137 the employee works.
- 138 5.] All sales taxes received by the transportation development district shall be deposited by the director of revenue in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The director of revenue shall keep

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- accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each transportation development district and the general public.
- [6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.
 - (2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal such transportation development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects, submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.
 - [7.] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 99.800 to 99.865 and this section to the contrary, the sales tax imposed by a district whose project is a public mass transportation system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918 and shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845, or subsection 4 of section 99.957.
- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all

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functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established pursuant to section 238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose a tax.

10 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 11 following language:

15 \square YES \square NO

16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you

17 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

18 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting

19 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective on the

20 first day of the second calendar quarter following notification to the department

21 of revenue of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified

22 voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the transit authority shall have

23 no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until

24 another proposal to authorize the transit authority to impose the sales tax

25 authorized by this section has been submitted and such proposal is approved by

26 a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

3. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized

under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by the transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, maintenance and operation of transportation facilities located within the county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the transit authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county funds.

- 4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county in the same manner as provided in subsection 1 of this section for approval of such tax. Whenever the governing body of any county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of such county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such county a proposal to repeal the sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect.
- 5. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate approved pursuant to this section. The amount reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be computed on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed by this section, plus any amounts imposed under other provisions of law.
- 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed

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under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285 shall apply to all taxable transactions.

- 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this section. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under chapter 144 are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of this section. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.
- 8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer, except for tangible personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for

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acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works.

9.] All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any transit authority, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each transit authority imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the transit authority which levied the tax.

[10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit authority for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may authorize the state treasurer to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, the transit authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that transit authority. The director of revenue shall notify each transit authority of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the transit authority. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the sales taxes authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority imposing the tax authorized by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds

136 received by him for the transit authority.

[11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and employees who shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the surety bond or bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state.

[12.] 11. Sales taxes imposed pursuant to this section and use taxes on the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed under this section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the term "boat" shall only include motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

[13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under this section or in the event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under this section, the director of revenue shall notify the transit authority to which delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail or certified mail at least ten days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit authority, acting through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a

judgment for the delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under this section, the director of revenue shall promptly notify the transit authority to which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may be taken by the transit authority.

- [14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such transit authority under this section.
- [15. The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400 to 238.412 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate caused by the imposition of the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.
- 16.] 14. In the event that any transit authority in any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants submits a proposal in any election to increase the sales tax under this section, and such proposal is approved by the voters, the county shall be reimbursed for the costs of submitting such proposal from the funds derived from the tax levied under this section.
- **15.** Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all 196 provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed 197 under sections 238.410 to 238.412.

644.032. 1. The governing body of any municipality or county may impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such municipality or county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall be effective unless the governing body of the municipality or county submits to the voters of the municipality or county, at a municipal, county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the

municipality or county to impose a tax[, provided, that the tax authorized by this section shall not be imposed on the sales of food, as defined in section 144.014, when imposed by any county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants].

15 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the municipality (county) of impose a sales tax of

18 (insert amount) for the purpose of providing funding for (insert either

19 storm water control, or local parks, or storm water control and local parks) for the

20 municipality (county)?

 \square YES \square NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the municipality or county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section and section 644.033 until the governing body of the municipality or county resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the municipality or county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and section 644.033 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section and section 644.033 be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section and section 644.033.

- 3. All revenue received by a municipality or county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section and section 644.033 shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used to provide funding for storm water control or for local parks, or both, within such municipality or county, provided that such revenue may be used for local parks outside such municipality or county if the municipality or county is engaged in a cooperative agreement pursuant to section 70.220.
- 43 4. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current 44 expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with 45 applicable laws relating to the investment of other municipal or county funds.
 - 5. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections

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47 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

[66.601. The duties of the director of revenue with respect to the allocation, division and distribution of sales and use tax proceeds determined to be due any county of the first classification having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants and all municipalities within such county, resulting from taxes levied or imposed under the authority of sections 66.600 to 66.630, section 144.748, and sections 94.850 to 94.857, may be delegated to the county levying the county sales tax under sections 66.600 to 66.630, at the discretion of the director of revenue and with the consent of the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the contrary, if such duties are so assigned, the director of revenue shall furnish the county with sufficient information to perform such duties in such form as may be agreed upon by the director and the county at no cost to the county. The county shall be bound by the provisions of section 32.057, and shall use any information provided by the director of revenue under the provisions of this section solely for the purpose of allocating, dividing and distributing such sales and use tax revenues. The county shall exercise all of the director's powers and duties with respect to such allocation, division and distribution, and shall receive no fee for carrying out such powers and duties.]

[67.1713. Beginning January 1, 2002, there is hereby specifically exempted from the tax imposed pursuant to section 67.1712 all sales of food as defined by section 144.014.]

[67.1971. All entities remitting the sales tax authorized pursuant to section 67.1959 shall have their liability reduced by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any taxes collected and remitted pursuant to sections 94.802 to 94.805.]

[144.069. All sales of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the owner thereof, and all leases of over sixty-day duration of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors subject to sales taxes under this chapter shall be deemed to be consummated unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or motor has been registered and

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sales taxes have been paid prior to the consummation of the lease agreement at the address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision shall be collected on such sales by the state department of revenue on that basis.]

[144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant to section 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales and use taxes all sales of textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, when such textbook is purchased by a student who possesses proof of current enrollment at any Missouri public or private university, college or other postsecondary institution of higher learning offering a course of study leading to a degree in the liberal arts, humanities or sciences or in a professional, vocational or technical field, provided that the books which are exempt from state sales tax are those required or recommended for a class. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least one list of textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the student may provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor, department or institution of his or her required or recommended textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to any locally imposed sales or use tax.]

[144.1000. Sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 shall be known as and referred to as the "Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act".]

[144.1003. As used in sections 144.1000 to 144.1015, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
- (2) "Certified automated system", software certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state and maintain a record of the transaction;
- (3) "Certified service provider", an agent certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales tax functions;

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- (4) "Person", an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, corporation or any other legal entity;
 - (5) "Sales tax", any sales tax levied pursuant to this chapter, section 32.085, or any other sales tax authorized by statute and levied by this state or its political subdivisions;
 - (6) "Seller", any person making sales, leases or rentals of personal property or services;
 - (7) "State", any state of the United States and the District of Columbia;
 - (8) "Use tax", the use tax levied pursuant to this chapter.]

[144.1006. For the purposes of reviewing and, if necessary, amending the agreement embodying the simplification recommendations contained in section 144.1015, the state may enter into multistate discussions. For purposes of such discussions, the state shall be represented by seven delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by the governor, two members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives, two members appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and one member appointed by the minority leader of the senate. The delegates need not be members of the general assembly and at least one of the delegates appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one member appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate shall be from the private sector and represent the interests of Missouri businesses. The delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing tax issues in the senate and the house of representatives each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates shall make a written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status of the multistate discussions and upon final adoption of the terms of the sales and use tax agreement by the multistate body.

[144.1009. No provision of the agreement authorized by sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 in whole or in part invalidates or

amends any provision of the law of this state. Implementation of any condition of this agreement in this state, whether adopted before, at, or after membership of this state in the agreement, must be by action of the general assembly. Such report shall be delivered to the governor, the secretary of state, the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives and shall simultaneously be made publicly available by the secretary of state to any person requesting a copy.]

[144.1012. Unless five of the seven delegates agree, the delegates shall not enter into or vote for any streamlined sales and use tax agreement that:

- (1) Requires adoption of a definition of any term that would cause any item or transaction that is now excluded or exempted from sales or use tax to become subject to sales or use tax;
- (2) Requires the state of Missouri to fully exempt or fully apply sales taxes to the sale of food or any other item;
- (3) Restricts the ability of local governments under statutes in effect on August 28, 2002, to enact one or more local taxes on one or more items without application of the tax to all sales within the taxing jurisdiction, however, restriction of any such taxes allowed by statutes effective after August 28, 2002, may be supported;
- (4) Provides for adoption of any uniform rate structure that would result in a tax increase for any Missouri taxpayer;
 - (5) Affects the sourcing of sales tax transactions; or
- (6) Prohibits limitations or thresholds on the application of sales and use tax rates or prohibits any current sales or use tax exemption in the state of Missouri, including exemptions that are based on the value of the transaction or item.]

[144.1015. In addition to the requirements of section 144.1012, the delegates should consider the following features when deciding whether or not to enter into any streamlined sales and use tax agreement:

- (1) The agreement should address the limitation of the number of state rates over time;
 - (2) The agreement should establish uniform standards for

- 8 administration of exempt sales and the form used for filing sales
 9 and use tax returns and remittances;
 10 (3) The agreement should require the state to provide a
 - (3) The agreement should require the state to provide a central, electronic registration system that allows a seller to register to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all signatory states;
 - (4) The agreement should provide that registration with the central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes in the signatory states will not be used as a factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with a state for any tax;
 - (5) The agreement should provide for reduction of the burdens of complying with local sales and use taxes through the following so long as they do not conflict with the provisions of section 144.1012:
 - (a) Restricting variances between the state and local tax bases:
 - (b) Requiring states to administer any sales and use taxes levied by local jurisdictions within the state so that sellers collecting and remitting these taxes will not have to register or file returns with, remit funds to, or be subject to independent audits from local taxing jurisdictions;
 - (c) Restricting the frequency of changes in the local sales and use tax rates and setting effective dates for the application of local jurisdictional boundary changes to local sales and use taxes; and
 - (d) Providing notice of changes in local sales and use tax rates and of changes in the boundaries of local taxing jurisdictions;
 - (6) The agreement should outline any monetary allowances that are to be provided by the states to sellers or certified service providers. The agreement must allow for a joint public and private sector study of the compliance cost on sellers and certified service providers to collect sales and use taxes for state and local governments under various levels of complexity to be completed by July 1, 2003;
 - (7) The agreement should require each state to certify compliance with the terms of the agreement prior to joining and to

44	maintain compliance, under the laws of the member state, with all
45	provisions of the agreement while a member, only if the agreement
46	and any amendment thereto complies with the provisions of section
47	144.1012;
48	(8) The agreement should require each state to adopt a
49	uniform policy for certified service providers that protects the
50	privacy of consumers and maintains the confidentiality of tax
51	information; and
52	(9) The agreement should provide for the appointment of an
53	advisory council of private sector representatives and an advisory
54	council of nonmember state representatives to consult with in the
55	administration of the agreement.]
	Section B. The repeal of sections 66.601, 67.1713, 67.1971, 144.069,
2	144.517, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, and 144.1015, the
3	$repeal\ and\ reenactment\ of\ sections\ 32.087,\ 66.620,\ 67.395,\ 67.525,\ 67.571,\ 67.576$
4	$67.578,\ 67.581,\ 67.582,\ 67.583,\ 67.584,\ 67.712,\ 67.713,\ 67.729,\ 67.737,\ 67.738,$
5	67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1712,
6	$67.1775,\ 67.1959,\ 67.2000,\ 67.2030,\ 67.2525,\ 67.2530,\ 94.578,\ 94.605,\ 94.660,$
7	94.705, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.070,
8	144.080,144.082,144.083,144.084,144.100,144.140,144.210,144.212,144.285,144.080,144.081,1
9	144.522, 144.526, 144.655, 144.710, 221.407, 238.235, 238.410, and 644.032, and
10	the enactment of sections 32.070, 32.086, 144.022, 144.040, 144.041, 144.042,
11	144.105, 144.110, 144.123, 144.124, 144.125, 144.212, and 144.522 shall become
12	effective on January 1, 2015.

